New-York Daily Times.

VOL. V.—NO. 1556. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1856. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Cambria at Halifax.

Projected Attempt to Overthrow the Palmerston Administration.

Arrangement of the Difficulty Between Spain and Mexico.

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT.

King Bomba's Reply to the Western Powers.

AFFAIRS IN THE EAST.

Cotton Unchanged—Breadstuffs Higher.

Consols 95@95 1-8.

(By the Associated Telegraph, Published in Boston, also N. Y. and Wash.)

HALIFAX, Friday, Sept. 12.

The Royal Mail steamship *Cambria*, from Liverpool on the afternoon of Saturday, Aug. 30, arrived here this afternoon, bringing 70 passengers for Boston.

The *Cambria* sailed at 5 o'clock P. M., with clear weather and a light southwest wind, for Boston, which she will be due at our city late on Sunday morning.

The *Arctic* had been taken into dock for examination, and it was found that she had only sustained slight injury to her keel. She was to be dispatched as an extra ship on the 4th inst., for Halifax and Boston.

The Cunard steamship *Atlantic* arrived out at Liverpool at 7 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, Aug. 28.

Great Britain.

The Tory papers state that the Conservative Party are likely to arrange its internal differences, and form a good enough to overthrow the Palmerston Administration.

The Queen and Prince of Duke remained at Balmoral, unattended by the Queen of Regent.

The British Royal Family has gone to Scotland for the season.

The steamer *Arctic*, Capt. C. H. Bateman, which was sold out by the United States Government in New-York, to make soundings for the New-York and Newfoundland Telegraph Company, between St. Johns, Newfoundland, and Valentia Bay, in Ireland, entered at Queenstown on Tuesday, Aug. 26, having accomplished the object of her voyage.

France.

The political news from France is as dull as ever. The Paris papers state that whatever political activity may exist in Europe at present, certainly does not exist in France.

The Emperor would make rather a long stay at Biarritz. Auditors from the Council of State were to proceed shortly to Biarritz, as they lately did to Plombières, to bring the portfolio of current affairs and public papers for the Emperor's signature.

Another prosecution of the members of a Secret Society was going on at Dijon.

An unanswered and unanswerable contradiction has been published of Louis Blanc's statements as to the condition inflicted on French political prisoners at Cayenne.

The Berlin Gazette Journal was authorized to contradict all the recent statements as to the proposed German manifesto and its aims.

Shocks of earthquake were felt throughout Algeria on the 5th. They were slight at Algiers, strong at Constantine and Bona, and violent at Philippeville, where 20 successive shocks occurred, and several buildings were destroyed, but there was little loss of life.

The Paris Paris correspondent states from Aix-les-Bains, in Savoy, that a Congress was to be held there of partisans of Prince Louis Napoleon, to determine on the best means of claiming his pretensions to the Throne of Naples. It was, however, considered doubtful. The Prince arrived at Aix some days ago, accompanied by some of the most influential of the Murattists, but it is not supposed that France will support his pretensions.

Spain.

The papers now say that the difficulty between Spain and Mexico has been definitely arranged, and that the Spanish Envoy to Mexico had taken leave of that Republic, after having settled the basis for an amicable termination of every difficulty. Another account, dated Madrid, the 26th, announces that the Minister to Mexico had been recalled.

Madrid journals of the 23d say that the *Gazette* is about to publish decrees for the dissolution of the Cortes, the regulation of the Press, the establishment of a Council of State, and the promulgation of the Constitution of 1845.

The *Clamor Público* and the *Parliamentario* state that the condition to which the Press is reduced has prevented their making any comment on the decree for the dissolution of the National Guard. The *Diario* had expressed its opposition of the measure.

The *Gazette* contains decrees dismissing sixteen Civil Governors of Provinces, and appointing successors, half selected from the Progressist and half from the Moderado Parties.

Bravo Murillo, Gonzalez Bravo, and Salamanca on Leg. Mr 24, leave are about to return to Spain.

At Barcelona 157 persons condemned by Court Martial, had been embarked for Cuba and other colonies.

The Captain General of Catalonia had decreed a demolition of all associations of workmen and masters in the Province.

A Madrid letter from a ministerial source says: "The ministers continue to be perfectly united amongst themselves, and the Queen places every confidence in them."

The marriage contract between the Infanta Amelia, and Prince Antonio, of Savoia, has been signed at the Palace.

Belgium.

The Free-Trade Congress Committee at Brussels continued to receive the adhesion of influential politicians in England and other countries. Nearly every Chamber of Commerce had appointed one or more of its members to attend. The provisional Committee for organizing the Congress consisted of five of the most eminent political economists, and they were active in arranging for every detail. It was designed to keep the meeting as free as possible from all exterior influences in the shape of schools or parties, and the appeal was chiefly made to practical men to come forward and enable the Congress to reach a practical result. The Committee had agreed upon a plan of organization by which the sittings and discussions were to be regulated, and the deliberations would be conducted more in the shape of a Committee of Inquiry, than platform talent.

In the same city on the 17th of September will meet the International Philanthropic Congress, to discuss practical questions relating to the social and moral life of the industrial classes.

Sweden.

Latest accounts from Stockholm mention several cases of cholera, but the disease appeared in its mildest form.

Prussia.

Grand manœuvres of the Prussian troops were going on at St. Goar on the Rhine.

The reported erection of a line of fortresses around Berlin is confirmed. The plan is to set a connected chain of forts like Paris, but detached redoubts to cover each other's fire.

We have nothing definite as to the reported expedition against the Riff pirates, but the English Government papers have become suddenly anxious that the matter should be left for settlement by the Emperor of Morocco.

Italy.

Another official journals repeat their denial of any intrigues to the Austrian forces in Italy, but admit that the occupied Romagna is already completely in our strength.

Turkey.

We have Constantinople dates to August 19th.

Kars was completely encompassed on the 4th of August. The fortifications are strengthened. The evacuation of Kars and Israel had begun.

The papers say that the Russians blew up the fortifications at Tomlicha.

Two British steamers have visited the Isle of Serpents. The Russians had not yet left it.

The Sultan has reestablished the navigation of the Euphrates from Bagdad to Bassora.

The Porte is now about to adopt measures for the chastisement of the Montenegrins for recent fanatical outrages.

The Porte has also given new assurances to the Allied Powers that the concessions in favor of the Christians will be restored.

There is a talk of a tax on tobacco, estimated to realize two hundred millions of piastres.

The Paris *Pays* says it is positively stated that the parts of Bent, Ismail and Kilia, on the Danube, restored to Moldavia by the treaty of Paris, are to be declared Free Ports.

Russia.

The Russians have withdrawn most of the troops from the Crimea. The garrison at Sebastopol is very small, and elsewhere there are but a few Cossacks.

Russia has extended the four days' quarantine to all ports of Roumania, on the Moldavia.

St. Petersburg letters continue to revel in descriptions of the splendor of the special embassy to the approaching coronation. The Diplomatic Corps are to be conveyed free to Moscow. On September 3d a special train conveyed the crown jewels, sceptres, orbs, and different crowns of all the Russias. These insignia were exposed in an open carriage, and immense crowds looked on in admiration.

Letters from Trebizond state that an credit is attached in Georgia to the account given by the journals of Europe, with respect to the expedition of the Russians against the Abazians. It is certain that negotiations have been opened with the Abazians and Subashis, and up to the time the letter was written, not a single Russian soldier had crossed the frontier.

Cape of Good Hope.

The Colonial Parliament is prorogued till October 28. Nothing is heard respecting any Caffre outbreak.

The project of Military Colonization of the Frontier, finds favor in the Colony.

India.

Telegraphic anticipations of the mail from Calcutta, the 17th, and Bombay, July 30, are received.

The rainy season had commenced in India.

The hair to the throne of Burmah had been temporarily settled.

The indigo crop throughout Bengal had suffered injury.

Exchange at Bombay was 2s. 1¼d. The Money market was quiet. Freights £3 to London and Liverpool.

Exchange at Calcutta was 2s. 1¼d., and the Money market had improved.

China.

We have Hong Kong dates to July 19, and Shanghae to June 28.

The rates of Exchange show no alteration, the quotations being still 4s. 11d. at Canton, and 7s. 3d. at Shanghae—the shipments of Silver to China, may, therefore, be expected to continue large.

The exports of tea to date were forty-nine millions of pounds, and of silk forty-nine thousand seven hundred bales.

The crop of new silk was large, but the silk districts were threatened with trouble from the insurrection.

At Canton the tea market had opened at 29 taels. The new teas were said to be inferior to those of last year.

The insurgents were reported to be making progress.

Dr. Parker, the United States Commissioner, had gone northward on a diplomatic mission. Perhaps was said to be his destination.

Mr. Townsend Harris, American Consul for Simoda, left Hong Kong July 10 for Japan, in the steamer *San Jacinto*.

The American ship *Houston* was at Shanghae June 28, short of provisions.

LATEST.

BY TELEGRAPH FROM LONDON TO LIVERPOOL.

LONDON, Friday evening, Aug. 29.

The English funds remain flat. In the Discount market the demand for accommodation has increased, and the rates are maintained at 4¼ to 4½ per cent. for good bills.

Great depression continues on the Paris Bourse. The three per cents. show a further decline of ¼@¾ per cent.

The announcement is made of the opening of a new line of steamers between London and the West coast of Africa. The first vessel of the line is to leave on the 15th of September.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

The *Brokers' Circular* says that the market opened with an improved demand, but towards the middle of the week became dull; owing, however, to a return of fine weather it again partially revived. The import continued light, and the trade bought sparingly. Holders below 6d. ⅌ ℔ offered freely but quotations were unchanged, except for fair Orleans and Mobiles, which, being wanted for Russia, were ⅛d. dearer. The sales of the week amounted to 48,550 bales, of which speculators took 3,600 and exporters 3,500. The business of Friday was variously estimated at from 3,000 to 12,000 bales, including some 5,000 or 4,000 on speculation and for export. The market was quiet at the close, but with a cheerful tone. The following are the authorized quotations:—New Orleans Fair, 7¼d.; Middling, 6 5-16d.; Mobile Fair, 6¾d.; Middling, 6 3-16d.; Uplands Fair, 6¾d.; Middling, 6 3-16d. Stock on hand estimated at 769,000 bales, of which 612,000 were American.

Manchester Market.

The advices from Manchester are of a favorable nature, but prices had undergone no change.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.

BREADSTUFFS of good quality were generally steady, but inferior sorts were dull and slightly lower in price. The advices from Paris gave the quotations received by the Persian to extend to 1st; on WHEAT, 2d ⅌ bush.; and on FLOUR, 1s. ⅌ bbl.; on WHEAT, 2d ⅌ bush.; and on FLOUR, 1s. ⅌ bbl. ⅌ bush. The weather had been stormy, but towards the end of the week again became fair, and very favorable for agricultural purposes, consequently the market on Friday closed quiet. Messrs. BENJAMIN, MORRIS & Co. quote as follows: Red WHEAT, 8s. @9s. 6d.; White, 9s. 3d. @11s.; Western Canal Flour, 32s. @36s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 30s. @32s.; Ohio, 32s. @37s.; White Corn, 34s. @35s.; Mixed and Yellow, 34s.

Liverpool Provision Market.

BEEF—Unchanged and business limited. PORK—In limited request. Fine qualities firmer, and prices firm, but inferior had a drooping appearance. LARD—Continued firmness and prices firm. Small sales at the RECEIVERS—Firm with a moderate inquiry at rather stiffer prices. TALLOW—Firm. North American wanted at 50s. @50s. 6d.

Liverpool Produce Market.

The *Brokers' Circular* reports: RICE (common) firm and a larger business doing, at 4s. 3d. @4s. 6d. Sales of 200 bbls. of fine at 5s. @11s. RAGS—No stock on hand. FRENCH ASHES quiet at 40s @41s.; POTS, 33s. 6d. @40s. LINSEED OIL—A limited business at former rates. PALE HAVE OIL is moderate request at 31s. Nothing doing in WHALE or SPERM OILS. SPERM OF TURPENTINE active at former prices. SIZE, 6s. @28s. CRUDE, no sales. AMERICAN TAR, 13s. 6d. SPERM and COD OILS unchanged. DITTOWOOD in moderate request, at previous rates. SUGARS week and transactions small for, in some cases, a decline of 6d. COFFEE steady. MOLASSES—No sales. TEA—Sales of Congou, at 2¾@2¾d. RICE unchanged, and demand moderate. Carolina, 26s. 6d. @28s. 6d.

London Markets.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS & Co. report: Iron firm, at £3@£3 5s. for bars and rails; Scotch Pig, 72s. 6d. American White WHEAT, 12s @30s.; Red, 70s. @72s. FLOUR, 32s. @48s. SUGAR, 6d. lower. STOCK OF TURPENTINE firm, at 28s. LARD firm, at former rates. LINSEED OIL, on the spot, 33s. 3d. @37s. 6d. TEA dull, with a declining tendency.

London Money Market.

No change had taken place in the demand for Money, and in the rates of interest. Bonds were steady, closing at 95@95¼. American Bonds were quoted at 5s. 1¼d. @5s. 1¾d.; Bar Silver, 5s. 1¼d.; Region, 7s. 4d. @7s. 4½d. The Bullion in the Bank of England had decreased during the week £19,000.

American Securities.

Messrs. BELL & Co. report American Securities firm and a large business doing for investment. Railroad Securities unchanged and business limited. The quotations are as follows:

United States Sixes, Bond and Stock	104¼	@105¼
Pennsylvania Fives, Bonds	78	@ 82
Pennsylvania Sterling Bonds	74	@ 75
Maryland Fives	70	@ 72
Massachusetts Fives	101	@102
Virginia Bonds	63	@ 68
South Carolina (Haring's)	90	@ —
South Carolina (Palmer's)	87	@ 90
Kentucky Sixes	69	@ 71
Alabama Bonds	81	@ 86
Alabama Sterling	84	@ 85
Tennessee Bonds	95	@ 98
Illinois Central Railroad Sevens	93	@94¼
Illinois Central Sixes	89	@ 89
Illinois Central Freelands	89	@ 89
Michigan Central of '90	94	@ 95
Michigan Central of '99	91	@ 91
New-York Central Sevens	98¼	@99¼
New-York Central Sixes	87	@ 88
Erie First Mortgage	98	@100
Erie Third Mortgage	87	@ 88
Erie Convertibles	84	@ 89
Erie Fund	83¼	@84¼
Erie Extension Priority	89¼	@90¼
Panama Railroad Bonds	94	@ 96

Great Fillmore Meeting at Union-square.

Speeches, Fireworks and a Torch-light Procession.

The friends of FILLMORE and DONELSON met in imposing numbers on Union-square last evening. At 8 o'clock there were not less than twenty-five thousand people in the square around the Washington Statue, and at any subsequent period until near 10 o'clock, the scene was animated and more or less picturesque. There were six stands erected in convenient positions, each decked with American flags and party-mottoed transparencies. On all of them speakers were plentiful, although the most prominent of those promised were not heard. The principal stand was situated opposite Union-place, and drew around the meeting around it. The following list of officers presided:

Presiding Officer, HENRY GRINNELL.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Wards.		Wards.	
1.	J. Phillips Phenix.	12.	Marcellus Hartley.
	William Bunting.		Samuel Baldwin.
2.	Abner A. Jackson.	13.	Jacob Lorillard.
	George A. Wood.		William Floyd.
3.	Thomas Hallihan.	14.	[illegible]
	[illegible]		[illegible]
4.	[illegible]	15.	[illegible]
	John Gates.		[illegible]
5.	A. B. Mulligan.	16.	Thomas [illegible]
	[illegible]		[illegible]
6.	Joseph Foster.	17.	Martin R. Brewer.
	James McMillan.		General Sherwood.
7.	Dr. Neil Dennis.	18.	Asa G. Kingsland.
	Zopher Mills.		Wm. S. Duke.
8.	Wellis Blackstone.	19.	Joseph A. Taylor.
	Graham Roberts.		Henry W. Benet.
9.	Edward Wheeler.	20.	Duncan C. Hixon.
	Philip W. Rose.		Luther Bradish.
10.	Nath'l G. Bradford.	21.	Henry B. Cook.
	Henry C. Atwood.		James B. Owens.
11.	Lehan C. Styles.	22.	Philip J. Monroe.
	S. G. Cowperthwaite.		Alex Spaulding.

SECRETARIES.

Wards.		Wards.	
1.	George W. Curtis.	12.	Roderick A. Knox.
2.	M. D. Fordham.	13.	[illegible]
3.	H. G. Ross.	14.	George Holberton.
4.	Charles Cassell.	15.	Frederick G. Swan.
5.	J. S. Scofield, M. D.	16.	George W. Truss.
6.	Joseph Canning.	17.	Henry B. Price.
7.	B. G. Leverich.	18.	Cornelius H. Whitaker.
8.	James Oscar.	19.	Henry Clay Pelton.
9.	Peter J. Rogers.	20.	William H. Peabody.
10.	Jesse B. Combs.	21.	Elias Combs.
11.	Richard G. Hunt.	22.	William V. Leggett.

After a series of resolutions—which embodied, in some degree, the sentiments of the party—had been read and adopted, Mr. DAVID PAUL BROWN, of Philadelphia, was introduced amid applause. He congratulated his audience on the declaration made by the orators of the adverse party on the previous day at Newark, of their complete exhaustion. There was nothing extraordinary in that, for they were *semi et pretereo nihil*—a voice and nothing more. He stood here as the advocate of MILLARD FILLMORE, as the candidate for the Presidency, and of him, personally, he would say he was an honest man, and "an honest man is the noblest work of God."

Of the opposing candidates JAMES BUCHANAN was the man who had indorsed FRANKLIN PIERCE's administration. He had said, to be sure, that he would have voted against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise if he had been in the Senate, but as it was repealed he was disposed to let it remain so. Now, would they consent to let it remain so? [Conflicting cries of "yes, yes," and "no, no."] Would they feel satisfied with the repeal of a compact which was as sacred as the Constitution itself? As to Mr. FREMONT it was claimed for him that he had ridden 100 miles a day. If that were a qualification for the Presidency, his horse would be entitled to it more than he. If riding was a qualification for the Presidency, EYRAN STOKE was his superior.

A VOICE—And he rides without saddle or bridle.

Mr. BROWN—Yes, and FREMONT would go without saddle or bridle, or any other accompaniment, if he got into the Presidency. Mr. FREMONT had been asked as to his religion, which no doubt was a very small thing in itself, but it became important when he refused to make the desired avowal. The reason of that was obvious. If he asserted his belief in Popery, a large portion of those who now supported him would refuse to cast their votes for a man who owed temporal obedience to a foreign potentate; if, on the other hand, he denied his Romanism, he would lose the bulk of his present adherents. The people, however, would bear in mind the momentous warning of the Father of his Country—"Put none but Americans on guard to-night," and the 5th of November next—the anniversary of the Gunpowder Plot would bear glorious witness to their obedience to his command and patriotism to their country. [Loud applause.]

Hon. Mr. HARRIS, of Baltimore, was the next speaker. He charged the Democracy with recreancy to the cause of patriotism, and the Administration with abuse of power. The sectional spirit had been so fostered by their ruinous acts that it promised to secure the votes of all the free Northern States. He did not believe that JAS. BUCHANAN would get the vote of a single Northern State, and was destined to an ignominious defeat in his own State. And as to Maryland, as sure as the statue of WASHINGTON before him sat immovable on its granite base, would she go for MILLARD FILLMORE. As the people of the State of New-York casted the burden and the weight, and all might be, the laurels in this contest. That the election would go into the House of Representatives he had no doubt, and the State elections would determine the result. The strength of MILLARD FILLMORE was not now a palpable strength—it was a subterranean force, and, like all other subterranean agencies, would operate with terrific shock. But, if a northern party was destined to succeed, and if this untried adventurer—this sitter of seventeen days in the Senate of the United States—if he were destined to go into the Presidential office, then he did honestly believe that a crisis was upon them such as they had never believed it possible to occur, and they should be obliged, face to face, to meet issues greater and more momentous than they had ever dreamed of fighting. [Loud applause.]

Mr. GEORGE CURTIS then presented himself and made a speech, in which there was nothing remarkable, and gave the information that MADAME PULSZKY was the sister of the Tuscan American Indians, and the sound Whig principles of his parents.

Mr. HENRY GRAY, Jr., of Baltimore, then gave a very feeling account of the prospects of Mr. FILLMORE in Kentucky, and said if every man who believed that Mr. FILLMORE was a true man, cast his vote for him, he would have a glorious majority.

Mr. JOHN HALDERMAN, of New-York, made a few remarks, which were so inaudibly heard that their purport could not be correctly gathered.

The meeting then adjourned to join in the procession.

THE OTHER STANDS.

Several speakers appeared at the other stands, but the proceedings were neither interesting nor prolonged.

Mr. ELY, of Ohio, Mr. BURLEIGH, of Conn., and Col. GILLIS, in Hungary of Hungary, made the principal speeches.

THE PROCESSION.

As soon as the stands had been vacated, the various Union-lamps in procession, by marching around the Washington statue, proceeded down Broadway to Chambers-street, where they varied and returned to Union-place, where they were dismissed. The line was about 1½ miles in extent and which the Hamilton Club displayed a very creditable number of Grotton Guards and a detachment of Zouaves which attracted the admiration of Captain Rynder's cohorts.

While the procession was passing through Chambers-street, a shower of missiles was thrown at it from the Sixth Ward side, and in response, a pistol was fired, the bullet from which struck one of the assailants in the shoulder, and inflicted a serious wound.

The affair then ceased, and no more seriously, but after much confusion, one named Genaline was arrested, charged with firing the pistol, and then the matter was dropped.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

(Received Telegraph at the Office of the Times and 128 Broadway, Union Building, Washington Office, No. 11 Walnut-st.)

Impressment from Washington.

INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO GOV. GEARY AND GEN. SHARPE—THE REPORTED CONFLAGRATION DIFFICULTY, ETC.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Sept. 12.

It is understood that both Gov. GEARY and Gen. SHARPE have been informed by telegraph that they will be furnished with additional force if necessary to maintain the public peace of Kansas, and bring to punishment all persons who may commit acts of violence or disorder.

The dispatch transmitted by the State Department to Gov. GEARY is stated to be to the following effect:

If the militia, which previous orders sent by Col. Sumner under subject to the requisition of General Sharpe, are not sufficient for the exigency, Mr. MARCY wishes to be notified by telegraph, remarking that the intervenitory invasion of Kansas by the way of Nebraska, and the subsequent hostile attacks on the Post-Office at Franklin, and on the dwellings of Col. Titus and Mr. Clark, seem to have stimulated to unlawful acts of the same character on the border of Missouri, and that the President expects Gov. GEARY to maintain the public peace, and bring to punishment all acts of violence and disorder by whomever perpetrated, relying upon his (GEARY's) energy and discretion, and the approved capacity, decision, and coolness of character of Gen. Sharpe, to prevent or suppress all attempts to kindle civil war in the Territory.

The telegraphic dispatch from the War Department to Fremont forces bears date the 8th inst., acquainting him that it is the purpose of the President to secure to him all the militia force necessary to maintain order and suppress insurrection, and that no military operations shall be carried on in Kansas otherwise than under his instructions and orders; hence he is instructed not to permit the employment of militia or any armed bodies of men, unless they have been regularly mustered into the service of the United States.

The First Comptroller of the Treasury, Mr. Wheelwright, whose refusal to pass the requisition for the extra pay voted by the House of Representatives to its officers, clerks and messengers, his decision has been laid before the Secretary of the Treasury, who sanctions Mr. WHEELWRIGHT's official conduct. The precise ground of the refusal does not appear; but Congress, in the Miscellaneous Bill, approved Aug. 18, 1856, inserted the following clause:

"And to enable the Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay the additional compensation to its employes and others, authorized by the resolution of the House of Representatives of Aug. 18, 1856, a sum for that purpose is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and is hereby added to the contingent fund of the House of Representatives."

The resolution of August 18, referred to, directs the Clerk to pay out of the Contingent Fund of the House, to such of its employes as received the same at the last Congress, the usual extra compensation; and to the other employes of the House, respectively, 30 per cent. upon their annual compensation. The employes are of course amazed at the decision, in view of the above law and resolution.

It was decided at the Treasury Department today that, under the operation of the resolution of the House of Representatives, those employes only who receive per-diem compensation are entitled to extra pay, while the clerks, thirty or more in number, also attached to that branch of Congress, receiving annual salaries, are excluded.

The President, it is said, has abandoned his intention of returning to the Warrentown (Va.) Springs.

Speaker BANKS is here.

News from Kansas.

ARRIVAL OF MORE REFUGEES AT ST. LOUIS—REPORTED MASSACRE OF FREE-STATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

CHICAGO, Thursday, Sept. 11.

One hundred Free-State refugees arrived at St. Louis yesterday, entirely destitute. They state that a large number of families had taken refuge at Fort Leavenworth. It is reported that a large number of Free-State women and children were killed at Stranger's Creek on Wednesday, the 3d inst.

Political Matters.

GERMAN REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION IN BOSTON, ETC.

BOSTON, Friday, Sept. 12.

The German Turner's Association of Boston and vicinity, held their second annual festival at Needham, yesterday. The gathering was decidedly Republican and the speeches made by HENRY WILSON, GUSTAVE SIEGEL, Mr. DONAG, formerly of Texas, and others, were listened to with interest and enthusiasm. Resolutions heartily indorsing FREMONT and DAYTON and the Platform of the Republican Party, were unanimously adopted.

Large Fremont gatherings were held yesterday at Abington and Manchester, Mass.

GOVERNOR REEDER ON KANSAS AFFAIRS.

EASTON, Friday, Sept. 12.

Governor REEDER addressed a large meeting of his fellow citizens at this place, on behalf of Kansas, in front of the Court House, last evening. Col. ABRAHAM MILLER presided. A Committee was appointed to call upon the citizens for subscriptions to aid Kansas, and from the feeling manifested a respectable contribution may be expected.

REPUBLICAN MEETING AT SPRINGFIELD MASS.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Thursday, Sept. 11.

There was a very large meeting at the City Hall this evening of ladies and gentlemen in response to a call from the Citizens' Fremont Club. Large Delegations were also present from Northampton, Holyoke, Chicopee, and Longmeadow. Speeches were made by Mr. ERASTUS HOPKINS, of Northampton, and Mr. PATTERSON, of Missouri. The latter gentleman told graphically the story of Kansas. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

VERMONT FILLMORE WHIG CONVENTION.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Friday, Sept. 12.

The Fillmore Whig Convention assembled here today, and appointed Delegates to the National Convention to be held in Baltimore on the 17th inst.

A call was issued for convening a State Convention to nominate a Fillmore Electoral ticket.

ERASTUS HOPKINS, Esq., of New-York, addressed the Convention.

Movements of Hon. Amos Barthgame.

ARRIVAL AT SPRINGFIELD.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Friday, Sept. 12.

Hon. AMOS BARTHGAME arrived here at 1 o'clock, on his way to Boston. Several hundred people gathered at the cars, and greeted him most enthusiastically. He made them a brief speech in return, from the Massasoit House. The affair passed off with much spirit.

REPUBLICAN RECEPTION IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, Friday, Sept. 12.

The reception of Mr. BURLEIGH this evening constituted the greatest political demonstration that for exhibited in Boston. He reached Tremont Temple soon after 7 o'clock, and made a speech in the main Hall, which was packed. General WILSON spoke at the same time in the lower Hall, which was also crowded. In the meantime the numerous clubs of Boston, Charlestown, Cambridge, Roxbury, and other places, had gathered in front of the Temple, occupying nearly the whole space from Tremont to Boylston-streets. In response to loud calls, Mr. BURLEIGH made a second speech from the balcony of the Temple. Fire works and bands of music added to the excitement of the affair, which closed with a grand procession.

Terrible Political Riot in Baltimore.

TWO MEN SHOT DEAD, AND SEVENTY OTHERS WOUNDED.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Sept. 12.

A terrible riot occurred, this afternoon, between a Fillmore baking club and a party of men at the Seventeenth Ward Democratic Head-quarters, in this city. Two men were shot dead, and some twenty others wounded—several, it is believed, fatally. The fight lasted only a few minutes, but the firing was heavy and severe. Neither of the men killed were engaged in the fight, and most of those wounded were residents in the vicinity, attracted to the spot by the disturbance.

Anniversary of the Battle of North Point.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Sept. 12.

The Anniversary of the battle of North Point was splendidly celebrated to-day. The military paraded and the Association of Defenders held their annual celebration on the battle ground at North Point.

The Niagara Outward Bound.

HALIFAX, Friday, Sept. 12.

The steamship *Niagara* arrived here at 9½ o'clock this morning, and sailed again at 11 o'clock, for Liverpool. The weather is clear, with a westerly wind.

QUARANTINE AFFAIRS.

The City's Health—Interesting Statements.

Some very curious facts are brought to light by the daily record of what happens at Quarantine. Repeated observations discover the fact that vessels coming from infected ports may bring the poison of yellow fever with them in their cargoes, although no one has been sick on board, either at the port or on the voyage. Cases like this the Health Officer has reported again and again: a ship arrives from Ponce everybody on board well, and the officers think it a heathenish thing that they cannot proceed to the City and discharge. Once or twice early in the season the vessel did so proceed, and before the work of unloading was over, one or more of the hands were taken down with the yellow fever, the vessel had to be ordered back to Quarantine, and the sick men were borne to the Marine Hospital. In one case the Captain left his vessel at Quarantine, and himself went to his home, but came back soon with undiagnosed yellow fever on, though there had been no sickness on board his vessel, and none of the crew had been out of health before their arrival. These facts would seem to indicate that the poison of yellow fever is conveyed at times in the holds of vessels that can show perfectly clean bills of health.

Is there yellow fever at Baltimore? Are the Mercantile citizens who have been circulating stories of the yellow fever in New-York mistaken in locating the pestilence here instead of there. But according to the Health Officer's report of Thursday morning, the schooner *Baltimore*, from Baltimore, came to Quarantine on Sunday with a man sick on board, of "well-marked" yellow fever. We should regret exceedingly to see last year's trouble about quarantining Baltimore vessels renewed.

As for our own City we have not heard even a rumor of any epidemic for a week back. The doctors are all down at the mouths, while the patients are "nowhere." The Commissioners of Health meet daily and pass upon the vessels that have come to port, and occasionally get an item from Dr. THOMPSON that the sensation novelists would deem a capital nest-egg for a romance. Yesterday for instance,

ONLY ONE MAN ABOARD AND HE DEAD.

The Health Officer stated to the Board that his bargeman visited the *Architect* yesterday at the Narrows, on Staten Island, and found upon the vessel a dead body, which they put into a coffin and brought to Quarantine last night.

The body had been dead for some forty-eight hours and was very much decomposed, and besides on their way the men were capsized by a squall. The boat which was capsized, however, happened not to be the one in which the coffin was placed.

The Health Officer further stated that a post mortem examination was made on the body last night at the Hospital, by Dr. HARRIS, who reported that "black vomit" was found in the stomach of the body, and that there were observed other evidences, making the death an of yellow fever.

The Health Officer again called the attention of the Board to the fact that the *Architect* had been several days without a man on board, even an shipkeeper. What was thus true of the *Architect* was nearly true of all the other vessels lying at the Spit. The several captains of those vessels had admitted that such was the case, saying that they found it almost impossible to secure men who would stay on the vessels at the Spit.

He stated also that he had been informed that the anchors of vessels lying at the "Spit" were not properly cared for, that they were allowed to become "foul," and such being the case if a storm should arise, he had been informed the vessels would inevitably be driven on shore a perfect wreck. He stated, however, that was not a matter to be regarded by the health authorities.

The masters and owners of those vessels had been ordered to man them properly and otherwise to care for them, in view of their exposed locality, and if such orders are not observed, the fault lies with those who disobey them.

The following bears upon the matter we have spoken of above:

QUARANTINE HEALTHY VESSELS FROM SICKLY PORTS.

To the Mayor or Commissioners of Health of the City of New-York:

The question submitted for report is, shall the ship *Brewster*, from Cardenas, having come into port with all hands well on board—having discharged her cargo for the period of one week—be allowed to proceed to the City of New-York before the expiration of thirty days from the time of her arrival? The ship *Brewster* is not alone interested in the decision of this question.

Sundry vessels are lying at Quarantine from Cardenas and other ports, having claims to proceed in every respect similar to those of the ship *Brewster*; and the masters of the same are anxiously waiting, therefore, the action of your honorable Board in the case, expecting that the course which is adopted in regard to the *Brewster* will be pursued in reference to their vessels. To indulge in such an expectation is reasonable and right.

The length of quarantine to which a vessel should be subject, from on board [illegible] sickness, should depend [illegible] comparative prevalence of [illegible] diseases in her port of [illegible] knows of no rule by which [illegible] judge of this last [illegible] imported cases of disease [illegible] and the reports in regard to [illegible] masters of vessels shall make [illegible] their passage.

The port of Cardenas, judged of by the foregoing rule, would not suffer by comparison with Havana, Matanzas, St. Jago, Trinidad, or Cienfuegos, and still Cardenas has been a sickly place, and the authorities are bound by statute to see that vessels from there remain at quarantine for thirty days, and twenty days after they shall have discharged their cargoes, unless it may appear safe to the public health to allow them sooner to proceed to the city.

Vessels from Cardenas, and from ports even more sickly, have petitioned to proceed to the City, and there to discharge their cargoes. Your Honorable Board has sustained the undersigned in the opinion that to grant such petitions would endanger the public health, and reasons at length have been given to the public for such a conclusion. But that which the ship *Brewster* solicits by no means involves such danger.

The undersigned, on the other hand, believe that to allow vessels from Cardenas to proceed five days after having discharged their cargoes at Quarantine, and other having been thoroughly cleansed, and fumigated, would be entirely safe, if all hands go heavy

[illegible]

The Yellow Fever.

There were two new cases at Fort Hamilton yesterday, but no death. Dr. DUNCAN is quite sick, and his recovery is doubtful. There is no fever in Brooklyn.

Fort Hamilton Hotel Society's Report.

SICKNESS PROVING.

All those previously reported doing well.

One new case, a private, reported this morning.

Dr. DUNCAN is very low—Dr. GRAHAM something better this morning.

J. H. BAILEY, M. D., U. S. Army.

Dr. ROGERS, of Relief Hospital, reports all convalescent excepting FRANK, MEEKER, and McFARLAND.

New Cases—[illegible]

FRANCIS E. WEBSTER, Chairman.

FORT HAMILTON, Friday, Sept. 12, 1856.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL—Weekly Report to Sept. 13, inclusive, showing on Sept. 6, 202; admitted to Sept. 13, 60; convalescent, [illegible]; remaining, 10; remaining 10 days, 20—under 20, [illegible]; under 10, [illegible].

CRICKET.

THE GREAT MATCH—United States vs. Canada.

This match was concluded yesterday in favor of the United States, with 8 wickets to spare. The ground was crowded with visitors, about 1,500 congregated on the hills and around the circle. The tent was well filled, and [illegible] was [illegible]. On the ground we noticed J. R. [illegible], Esq., Mayor of Worcester, and his son, Master [illegible]; GARRATT, PURSER, BURAND, and PARKER, of Hoboken, The Clubs of Newark, Staten Island, Westchester, Harlem, Yonkers, Long Island, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Boston, &c., were well represented.

Mr. ROBINSON stood Umpire for Canada, and Mr. DIXON scored; while Mr. WHEATCROFT, of Newark, and Mr. BRAY officiated for the United States.

Play was commenced on Thursday by 11¼ o'clock, by Canada batting HAYNES and PARKER to the bowling of CUTTS and BARKER. HAYNES is a good cricketer, though he got run out in the first innings, for 4 runs; in the second innings he made 19 and scored well, in when CUTT bowled him. HAYNES's wicket clashing hit for 5 right over the visitors surrounding the tree. GALE reckoned the best hit of the party, was unfortunate, and could make only two runs, which we were sorry to see. He got run out in the second innings through running to an overthrow. JONES is a good bat, and made a handsome 5. PICKERING, so well known in cricketing circles, could only muster 1 run in the first innings, but picked up 8 in the second—he ought to have got more—he can do it. LOVEGROVE, the Crimean hero, who is a good wicket keeper, and not renowned a bowler, better, headed the score of the match, making 27 in both innings. BOURNE came next, and made 15, among them 4 threes and a four—he was the life of the party.

The United States players were chosen from New-York and Philadelphia. SAM. WEBSTER and WEBSTER commenced. HARDINGE and PARSONS bowling. SAM made a good three, but HARDINGE would not let him stop. SENIOR, of Philadelphia, made 28 in very pretty style of batting. BINGHAM scored 0 in the first innings and 14 in the second. GRAHAM was the batter of the day, he scored 49—among them 8 fours, 3 threes and two fours. HIGHAM made 13. SAM batted capitally in the second innings, and was not out when game was called.

The play of all was good cricketing. The

Bleeding Kansas

[illegible]

[illegible] Lawrence, and it is expected the royal pris[illegible] will be moved hence also if not released [illegible] daily.

RELATIVE STRENGTH OF THE TWO OPPONENTS.

FRAMING.

The small camps of Shottemers that have been at Easton and other points north of the Kansas River have been gathering in at Leavenworth for a few days, and we are all rejoicing to hear that the troops are getting out of the way, leaving us to a *fair fight*, by leaving town. One hundred and twenty-five arrived yesterday from the new towns near Nebraska line—all good farmers, good soldiers, good anything but border ruffians. We are now about 800 strong, under arms, and Jim LANE says we can whip all Missouri and the devil too. Our pathway, the last few days, although stained with blood, indicates that rush may be free. The great southern division of the Missouri army has been quartered at Little Santa Fé, 12 miles south of Westport.

THE OSSAWATOMIE AFFAIR.

When about 800 strong they marched in this direction, along the Santa Fé road. The halted at Bull Creek, on the Reserve, and last Friday sent a detachment of 200 to attack Ossawatomie. Old Capt. Brown, the terror of all Missouri, was in the vicinity, with only 40 men. BROWN's son FREDERICK, a young man of much promise, was walking through Ossawatomie early Saturday morning, when he was met by two spies from the ruffian camp, and one of them shot him through the heart without provocation. Soon after they marched their force into town, but were fired upon by Capt. BROWN from the adjoining timber, until his ammunition was exhausted, when he fell back across the river and made his escape by swimming. This was a hard fought battle, but I have not learned all. BROWN lost three men, and it is supposed the enemy have over thirty killed and wounded. After BROWN left they commenced the town, and then burnt every building to the ground, excepting barely two or three belonging to the Pro-Slavery men. The town, numbering some forty houses, is literally in ashes. A portion of the ruffians then passed on north and burnt the house of OTTAWA JONES, a half-breed Indian. They then went to Prairie City and fired upon a party of eight in a block house, but after a few shots, retreated with a few slight wounds, towards Bull Creek.

AFFAIRS AT PRAIRIE CITY AND BULL CREEK.

Notice at once came to our town for aid, and General LANE, with 125 cavalry and about the same number of infantry, started for Prairie City, 16 miles south of Lawrence. We reached there about 1 o'clock P. M., and found the enemy had gone several hours before, towards Missouri, on the Santa Fe road. Without a dinner we marched on, and still on till the day wore out, and just at sunset we came to Bull Creek and surprised the enemy by the sight of our cavalry, drawn up in line of battle. In great confusion they rallied their men and marched out on a bluff in front of us about one-half mile distant, and placed their men in similar order. It was then nearly dark—too late for a fight. They had three times our number, for our artillery and infantry were yet in the rear on their march. Night blotted out the view while we were gazing—army upon army. They kept up the most hideous yells ever heard on any occasion, except at the sacking of Lawrence. We soon learned by our scouts that they had returned to their quarters in the valley below, and we fell back for a site for camping. Unfortunately there was no water nearer than ten miles on the road, so our entire force was compelled to march back that distance, making 45 miles after ten o'clock A. M. A most cruel day's work for soldiers, and no fight at that. More cruel still—they had no provisions for supper. When we left Lawrence, all intended to return the same night, and but few had blankets, and some had no coats. In that condition they were compelled to make their beds upon the wet grass, when the air seemed nearly cold enough for a frost. A messenger was sent to Lawrence for recruits and provisions, and they had no breakfast till about 10 o'clock the next morning. That morning they were a cool, sober set, but faithful to the cause, they bore it without a murmur. As soon as they were able to move after the recruits arrived, they sent out their cavalry to observe the enemy's position, but they had fled for Missouri. They found a negro woman, who said they had been gone two hours, and that they numbered about 600. They had probably been loading and moving all night, and it is said, had over forty wagon loads of supplies. Too rich a prize to let escape willingly, but the victory will be as decisive as though we had fought them and killed half their number. The largest Southern army ever marched out of Missouri in one body, has retreated to their own borders, and many of them will not case their shoes to stand before abolition bullets.

MOVEMENTS OF LANE'S ARMY.

To-day LANE's army encamped on the Santa Fé Road, near Palmyra, and will wait for developments. The Second Regiment moves to-night for Topeka, as it is understood that point is threatened.

I have learned to-day that the Southern route through Nebraska is blockaded at Indianola. If so, we are a little world by ourselves—a tempest in a teapot—and O, how little cares the world outside *for our extreme sufferings!* The sword must be our only arbiter, Omniscience our only judge.

Since I have been writing the above I have seen the light from three houses that have been burnt to-night, along the California Road, six miles west. Our messengers say two of them belong to Judge WAKEFIELD and Capt. WALKER, two active Free-State men. Their families are both in town. Last night two others were burnt in the same neighborhood by the same fiendish souls. The forfeit will be dear. The work of death is begun. Civil war is no longer a problem. I have seen and felt its carnal spell. RANDOLPH.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

LAWRENCE, Kansas, Wednesday, Sept. 3, 1856.

Our Hospital contains twelve persons, mostly those wounded in battles. All are doing well, except the Mr. GUSTEBEN wounded at Franklin, on the 12th ult., who is lying in a low, emaciated state, with two balls in him, and it is not expected that he can recover. Some cases of fever are coming on since the late exposure of our soldiers, but they are all supported from the fund from *Boston, received from Mr. WHITMAN, for which* we, and *they*, feel very grateful.

PROVISIONS.

We are not likely to starve, for there are hundreds of bushels of wheat in the country, and we are now living upon coarse wheat flour, green corn and beef. We hope to subsist upon this until *we are relieved by some means for boring our* way out to the garnered stores of the States.

HOSTILE MOVEMENTS.

There has been no hard fighting for a few days, but there must be hard fighting, *or hard running*, this week. We learn to-night that the force we drove back from their camp at Bull Creek, last Sunday, has gone into Westport and disbanded, to convene again on the 15th inst. We cannot hear of any increasing force in our midst, but they are from five to eight hundred about Lecompton, who are threatening daily to destroy Lawrence. To-day they have moved their camp five miles South to Coon Point, but their further intentions are unknown. We are up and dressed, ready to receive them at any time of day or night. Several shots have been exchanged to-day between our scouts, without effect. One hundred and twenty-five of our men have crossed the river here to-day, on hearing that a party of three hundred from the camp opposite Lecompton were marching down the opposite side to take possession of our ferry, and as they have not been heard from this evening, it is very probable that they have come in collision.

DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE.

A series of correspondence has been going on this week, between our civil authorities and Governor WOODSON and Col. COOK. I will give it to you entire. Yesterday we sent the two following letters to Lecompton by two ladies to secure safety.

LAWRENCE, K. T., Sept. 2, 1856.

To His Excellency D. Woodson and Col. Cook:

GENTLEMEN: Circumstances that we deeply deplore have made it our duty to confer [illegible]

[illegible] Lecompton, and [illegible] Lawrence, and [illegible] Lecompton, [illegible] Lawrence, [illegible] Lecompton [illegible] Lecompton [illegible] Lecompton

FREMONT AND VICTORY.

BY CHARLES G. WEYMAN.

Air—"Home, Sweet Home."—[PUNCHINELLO.

I.

Men of the North, who remember
The teachings your sires, ever glorious,
Join in our paean victorious,
The pean of Liberty!
Hark! on the gales of November
Millions of voices are singing,
Glorious the songs they are bringing,
Freemont and Victory!
Hurrah!
Join the great chorus they're singing,
Freemont and Victory!

II.

Come from your forest-clad mountains,
Come from the farms of your villages,
Come with the city and village,
Join the great host of the free!
As from their caverns fountains
Roll the deep floods to the ocean,
Join the great army in motion,
Marching to victory!
Hurrah!
Echo, from ocean to ocean,
Freemont and Victory!

III.

Far in the West rolls the thunder,
The tumult of battle raging,
Where bleeding Kansas is waging
Warfare with Slavery!
Struggling with lion who ravened her
Lo! she implores you to succor her!
Will you to Slavery betray her?
Never—she shall be free!
Hurrah!
Swear that you'll never betray her;
Kansas shall yet be free!

IV.

March! we have sworn to support her;
The prayers of the righteous shall speed us,
A chief never conquered shall lead us—
Freemont shall lead the free!
Then from those fields, red with slaughter,
Slavery's hordes shall be driven,
Freedom to Kansas be given,
Freemont shall make her free!
Hurrah!
To Kansas shall Freedom be given;
Freemont shall make her free!

Men of the North, who remember
The deeds of your sires ever glorious,
Join in our paean victorious,
The pean of Liberty!
Hark! on the gales of November
Millions of voices are singing,
Glorious the song they are bringing,
Freemont and Victory!
Hurrah!
Join the great chorus they're singing,
Freemont and Victory!

VERHEITELIED DER DEUTSCHEN REPUBLIKANER.

Air—"Sacred to Freedom."

I.

Weit auf, du Deutsch-Amerika!
Stehst auf, du Freien alle!
Ruft laut: Es fällt, es fällt
Das Reich der Tyrannei!
Geheimnisse ist der Kampfestag;
Jetzt schwärzer aus den Schulden!
Schon schlagen sich die Reihen,
Freiheit und Sklaverei.
Ihr Feinen!
Ruft laut: Es fällt, es fällt
Das Reich der Tyrannei.

II.

Wie hassen sie so furchtbarlich,
Die wilden Sklavenbarden!
Sie rasten, brennen, morden
Im Dienst der Tyrannei.
Kansas, das heldenmüthige,
Steht hin an schwarzen Wunden,
Noch Hoffnung unverbunden—
Brüder, ach steht ihm bei!
Zu Hülfe!
Kansas liegt schwer verwundet,
O Brüder, steht ihm bei!

III.

Es triumphirt der Wütherich,
Es jubelt die Tyrannei;
Das freie Wort zu bannen,
Das ist ihr frech' Beginnen.
Verblutend eilet der Märtyrer,
Die Freiheit seufzt in Ketten:
Auf, Brüder, sie zu retten
Lasst uns zu Felde ziehn!
Auf, Brüder!
Die Freiheit zu erretten
Lasst uns zu Felde ziehn!

IV.

Hinweg, du falsche Heuchlerin!
Du kannst uns nicht bestechen,
Wir kennen deine Tücken,
Du Lug-Demokratie!
Von dir, du feile Mordschaar,
Ward Kansas schnöd' verrathen!
Mit solchen Demokraten
Hält es der Deutsche nie!
Ja, Hunker,
Mit solchen Demokraten
Hält es der Deutsche nie!

V.

Freiheit, du Heiligthümerin,
Wir werden sie dich lessen,
Wir werden stets die hassen,
Wer immer dich bedroht.
Freiheit, der Freien Königin,
Du sind wir ganz gegeben,
Wir dienen dir im Leben;
Wir gehn für dich zum Tod!
Ja Freiheit!
Dir dienen wir im Leben,
Für dich gehn wir zum Tod!

VI.

Wahlen denn, Freie, männiglich
Zieht eure tapfern Degen!
Der Tyrannei zum Segen
Folgt jetzt Fremont zum Krieg.
Fremont, der Heldenmüthige,
Der Retter in Gefahren,
Er führt die freien Schaaren,
Er führt sie zum Sieg.
Zum Kampf' denn!
Fremont führt unsere Schaaren,
Er führt sie zum Sieg!

VII.

Hurrah! bald tönt der Jubelschrei!
Kansas ist jetzt gerettet,
Die Knechtschaft ist gebrochen,
Frei ist Amerika!
Fremont, der Glaubensfestige,
Er hat den Feind besiegen;
Denn jauchzen alle Zungen:
Fremont! Victoria!
Ja, jauchzet!
Bald ist der Feind besiegen,
Fremont! Victoria!

R. V. SCHMIDT.

Dismissal of Rev. Mr. Sprague from West Point.

A correspondent of the *Sunday Post* gives the following account of the manner in which Rev. Mr. Sprague, late Chaplain at West Point, was dismissed by the Secretary of War:

WEST POINT, Monday, Sept. 8, 1856.

DEAR SIR: The crowning act of an infamous administration in the recent unconstitutional dismissal of Rev. Mr. Sprague, Chaplain and Professor of Ethics at this military Academy at this place. Not having seen any account of the manner, which has caused an universal indignation among every and first religious journal in the United States, I write merely to lay before you a statement of facts which, though in this age of

Scene at the Admiralty.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Sept. 12.

Before Judge Betts.

The trial of Lewis Brown, for voluntarily serving on board of the schooner *Allen* on a slave voyage, was continued.

Mr. Figaniere, the Portuguese Consul, testified to the sale of the schooner *Onward* to a Portuguese named Botelho when her name was changed to the *Allen*.

The defence called Manuel Calaro, a negro, who said that he had known Brown all his life at Rio Janeiro, where his parents lived. That he and Brown both shipped on the *Allen* at Campeachy for Ocorro, and knew nothing of the character of the voyage till they got on the Coast; and he denied that he or Brown owned any slaves on board of her.

The Judge charged the jury that if the prisoner was a foreigner and serving on a foreign ship, he must be acquitted, and after a short absence the jury returned a verdict of acquittal and the prisoner was discharged.

THE SEAMAN CASES AGAIN.

Placido De Castro was this morning put upon his trial charged, together with a number of other persons, with having sent to sea the brig *Bremen*, upon a slave voyage, and with aiding and abetting in so doing.

The case was opened by Mr. Joachimsen for the prosecution, who called as a witness:

John Fitzsimons, who said—I am Captain of the Revenue cutter *Washington*; we seized the *Bremen* near shoreat of Fort Hamilton; I went on board with the Deputy Marshals and some of my men; we boarded her from one steamer; I think it was June 9, about 1 P. M.; on the quarter-deck were the Captain and De Castro and Da Costa and Da Cunha; Capt. Dalsenco said Da Costa was at St. Nicholas Hotel, and afterwards said he had gone to Boston; I thought it was strange she had no outward manifest; he said it was not necessary; he told me in the cabin that she was bound to Canton; I heard him say she was bound to St. Thomas; I had some talk with De Castro, but cannot say what it was; don't recollect that he said anything about the destination; Mr. De Castro pointed out the captain to me; I saw the brig and water casks and some shocks; she was a Baltimore-built vessel, I believe, and had a bulkhead across her deck to keep her deck dry. Such a vessel should have 5 or 7 men, and would carry about 2,000 gallons of water, five or six barrels of beef, half a barrel of rice and beans and a barrel of flour; have seen vessels built with such a bulkhead a great many years ago at the wharves in Baltimore; if decks were alone on deck it would keep them dry. Dr Castro acted as interpreter between the officers and the other men; we kept the brig and took the men on board the cutter; there was a crew list on board; I saw no passenger list; there was a register.

The crew list and register were then read in evidence.

Being cross-examined, he said no one on the quarter-deck spoke English, except De Castro and the Captain; I heard De Castro say that he was only going down the Bay with the vessel, and had no passage, but was going down with a friend.

Abraham Deloso was called and, said—I was captain of the *Bremen*; I was born in New-Bedford; I have been master of a vessel before—the *John Porter*; I sailed her for Mr. Machado, from here to Lisbon, there to Bethurst, and then to New-York; was to go to Gardiner's Bay to load, then to the coast for a cargo of slaves and carry them to Cuba; then, if we could get Portuguese papers, were to go to St. Thomas for a load of molasses, and then to New-York; if not, we were to destroy her; had sixty-nine casks of fresh water on board; beef and pork; I don't know what cargo; I saw no planks or boards; was to get my cargo at Gardiner's Bay from a sloop that was from New-London; I took command of her through Mr. Frazer, who came to me and said a gentleman wanted to see me; I went and saw Da Costa, and he offered me $5,000 to go, and I went; Rosenberg interpreted afterwards.

The defendant's counsel objected to testimony of conversations when De Castro was not present.

Judge Betts said the prosecution had not given sufficient proof of his having any connection with the vessel.

I had seen De Castro before the vessel sailed at Machado's office; he never spoke to me about the vessel; he came down on board the vessel with the rest of us; we all went from Machado's; I met him and Mr. Da Costa in Wall-street on Saturday before; I asked him to interpret for me; I told De Castro to tell Da Costa I could not get my register and he did; then he told me to go to sea without the register; I said I would not, but would anchor off the Battery; I did not think DeCastro knew on Saturday where the vessel was going; on Monday going down he said he wished he had $100 with him and if he had he would give them to me to buy four slaves for him; he told me at the office that he was going down with the vessel as far as the steamboat went; he went on board about eleven o'clock or twelve o'clock, Da Costa, Da Castro, Da Cunha and I; I was in the cabin writing going down, and DaCosta came and called me to come up and look at a steamer coming after us; I said it was nothing; I went down below, and got the glass and looked at her, and then went down again; in the cabin I had the maps of Long Island out, showing Da Costa where Gardiner's Bay was; Da Castro was there interpreting; I don't recollect what he said; Da Cunha threw some papers overboard just before the steamer reached us; I asked Da Castro if they were thrown over, and he said, "Yes;" there was a letter of instructions for me, and one for Da Cunha; I never saw Da Castro at Frager's.

Cross-examined—I am 27 years old; I first saw Da Castro at Machado's office when I was in the *John Porter*, and before I saw *Frager*; I cleared this vessel; I took the oath that the vessel was going to St. Thomas, in order to get the papers; I did not think she was bound there; I was to have $5,000 in money or a draft after the slaves were landed, and said; I told Da Costa I could not get the Englishman on Saturday afternoon; I had told the Revenue clerk I did not want him to make it out till Monday when I told Da Costa the steamer coming after us was nothing. I thought she was coming to seize us; a man came and told me Saturday that there was an affidavit made against the vessel at the Marshal's office; I was arrested too and put in prison; I turned State's evidence; I offered to do so voluntarily; I was to gain by it the things that I had my board, and was to be cleared; I was not promised it, but hoped so; the things that I claimed were worth four or five hundred dollars; I got paid fees for my being a witness; I was discharged from prison; I gave bail as a witness; I was not indicted.

Mariano Da Costa had told me to get the vessel cleared for St. Thomas and a market; that we might have passes; I know a man of war if we met one; I had no intimation that the vessel would be seized except from the man I spoke of.

Cornelius Hunt, sworn, said—I am a Deputy Marshal; I saw a man who came to the Marshal's Office to give information about the *Bremen*; he found we had it and said he should go and tell the Captain; I said if he did, I would arrest him; I have seen the man since, but don't know his name.

I saw De Castro on board the *Bremen*; he said at one time that the owner was Da Costa and that he was living at the St. Nicholas; when we seized the vessel he pointed out to me Deloso whom he said was Antonio Henrique; I have since learned that he was Da Costa.

Being cross-examined, he said: Dr Angelo hired

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets.—*Carefully reported for N. Y. Daily Times.*

ASHES—Are scarce and wanted at full prices. Pearls, $7 75; Pots, $7 81¼@$7 87½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—8,000 lbs. American Yellow were disposed of at 27½c.@28c. ⅌ lb.

CANDLES—Are salable and firm.

COFFEE—Is in pretty brisk request at steady prices. Java, 14c.@14½c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 11½c.@11¾c.; Rio, 9½c.@11c.; and St. Domingo, at 9½c.@10½c. ⅌ lb.

COPPER—Is in moderate supply and is held firmly—though it is not freely sought after.

COTTON—Has not varied much, being in light supply and fair demand at previous quotations:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	New-Orleans & Texas.
Ordinary	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
Middling	11¼	11¼	11¼	11
Middling Fair	12¼	12¼	12¼	12
Fair	13¼	13¼	13	12¾

FLIRE—Generally find ready purchasers at former prices. Stocks of all kinds reduced.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western Flour is rather poorly supplied, and with good inquiry for desirable lots, these are gradually increasing in value. The sales since our last add up about 9,000 bbls. in lots, mainly at prices within the annexed range:

Ordinary State	$5 00@$5 20
Straight State	5 20@5 40
Favorite and Extra State	5 40@5 60
Common to Good Michigan	5 10@5 50
Common to Good Indiana & Upper Lake	5 25@5 50
Common to Good Ohio	5 25@5 50
Fancy Michigan	5 10@5 60
Fancy Ohio	5 55@5 65
Extra Michigan	5 60@5 85
Extra Indiana and Wisconsin	5 65@5 75
Extra Ohio	5 65@5 85
Fancy Genesee	5 60@5 75
Extra Genesee	5 75@5 85
Extra Missouri	5 60@5 85

Canadian remains scarce and quiet at unaltered prices—the transactions since our last including only a few small lots of ordinary to choice extra, mostly at $5 50@$5 75 ⅌ bbl. Southern is less abundant and more sought after at rising prices. The sales since our last comprise about 1,450 bbls. Low Mixed to Fancy and Extra, at $5 25@$6 25 and $6 50 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is in demand, and is worth $3 50@$3 25 for Fine and Superfine ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is in fair supply, and request, at $3 75@$4 for Jersey, and $4 12½ for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl. The latter brings $4 17@$4 25 in purchases.

GRAIN—Wheat is very briskly sought after, part for home use, but mainly for export, at prices indicative of an improvement of 3c.@5c. ⅌ bushel. The sales since our last reach about 107,000 bushels, prime to choice Canadian White at $1 71@$1 73, good to prime Western White at $1 65@$1 70; do. Yellow at $1 60; good to choice do. Red at $1 58@$1 60; fair to prime Southern White at $1 60@$1 70; and fair to choice do. Red at $1 50@$1 60 ⅌ bushel. Rye continues in light supply and demand, at about 90c. for prime new, ⅌ bushel; 10,000 bushels do. brought 85c. Oats are dull and drooping at 46c.@47c. for Ohio and Lake; 44c.@46c. for state; 41c.@45c. for Jersey; and 38c.@43c. for Southern, ⅌ bushel. Barley remains scarce and quiet. 14 was last sold at $1 92 ⅌ bushel. Corn is still actively inquired for, at rising prices. The sales reported since our last comprise about 70,000 bushels, at 65c.@69c. for unsound, heated, and damp; 69c.@70c. for Mixed; 70c.@72c. for Northern and Southern Yellow; and 72c.@76c. for Northern and Southern White, ⅌ bushel.

HAY—About 600 bales River were purchased at 60c.@65c. for shipment, and 70c.@80c. for local use, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HIDES—Rule quiet at old figures.

HOPS—Now remain inactive, and somewhat nominal; they are now worth only from 12c.@15c. ⅌ lb. Old rule heavy and languid, at 5c.@8c. ⅌ lb.

IRON—About 100 tons Scotch Pig have been disposed of, in lots, at $32@$32 50, usual terms, ⅌ ton.

LATHS—Have not varied.

LEAD—Quiet, yet steady.

LEATHER—Is in brisk demand at full prices.

LIME—Rockland continues in moderate request, at old rates, 80c. for Common, and $1 20 for Lump, ⅌ bbl.

MOLASSES—Still attracts but little attention, at former quotations. New-Orleans, 32c.@35c.; Porto Rico, 42c.@45c.; Cuba Muscovado, 40c.@42c.; and Clayed Cuba, 37c.@40c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is scarce and held above the views of purchasers. Spirits do. is in lively request, and is very firm at 43c.@44c. ⅌ gallon. Tar and Pitch are unchanged. Rosin is in good demand, and is stiffly held at $1 65 for Common. ⅌ 280 lbs., and $2 50@$6 for No. 1 and White, ⅌ 310 lbs.

OILS—Whale, Sperm and Olive are unaltered in demand and value. Linseed is selling to a fair extent, mostly at $1@$1 09 ⅌ gallon. The available supply is a limited one. Lard Oil has not varied much.

PROVISIONS—Pork exhibits no really new feature, the sales since our last comprising about 800 bbls., in lots, at $19 87½@$20 for Mess; and $17 62½@$17 75, and, in some instances, $18 for Prime, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are moderately inquired for, and are quoted at 8¾c.@9¼c. for Hams, and 8c.@8¼c. for Shoulders ⅌ lb. Bacon is in very light supply and demand, mainly at 11c.@11½c. ⅌ lb. Lard is very firm, supply limited; demand fair. The transactions since our last reach about 200 bbls. Fair to strictly Prime, at 12¼c.@12½c. ⅌ lb. Beef is in fair request at old figures. The sales since our last consist of 325 bbls. at $6@$7 for Country Prime; $8@$9 25 for Country Mess; $8 50@$11 for repacked do., and $11@$12 50 for extra do., ⅌ bbl. Prime Mess Beef is very dull, and it now commands but $14@$17 ⅌ tc. Beef Hams are scarce and quiet, at $18@$20 ⅌ bbl. Butter is salable and firm at 15c.@18c. for Ohio; 18c.@20c. for common to very good State; and 22c.@30c. for prime to very choice do., ⅌ lb. Cheese is in fair supply and request, at from 6c.@6½c. ⅌ lb.

RICE—Continues in moderate demand, and is firm at $3 62½@$4 62½ for common to choice, ⅌ 100 lbs.

SOAP—There have been 200 boxes Castile purchased at 10½c.@10½c. ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—Are still in good request at well supported prices—with sales reported since our last of about 1,800 hhds. Cuba, &c., in lots, at from 7¼c.@8½c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Is scarce and quiet; parties disagreeing about prices.

TOBACCO—Is in pretty brisk demand at full rates. The sales since Monday last include 194 hhds. Kentucky at 8½c.@16c.; 216 bales Havana at 25c.@55c.; and 189 cases Seed Leaf at 7½c.@25c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKEY—There were 650 bbls. Ohio and Prime bought at 26c.@27c. ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Were brisker, but rather lower. For Liverpool—Cotton, 5/d. ⅌ lb.; Flour, 1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 7d. ⅌ bd. in bulk and bags, ⅌ bushel; Rosin, 1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; Beef, 4s. ⅌ tc.; Tobacco, 22s. ⅌ hhd., and Heavy Goods, 30s. ⅌ tc. 2d. ⅌ ton. For other ports, proportionate quotations.

STATIONERY.

STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS.
RICHARD WOSLEY & CO.
Invite the trade to an inspection of their stock at
No. 49 John-st., New-York.

BLANK BOOKS AND PAPER.
HOTE & JAMES, Stationers, No. 62 Fulton-st., post William, Invite respectfully inspection.

HOWARD MASSELBERG, Stationer, No. 3 Ann-st., near Nassau, offers for sale a large and well selected stock of stationery, consisting in part of assorted cards, paper, linen and ruled foolscap, ruled paper, letter, note and blank paper, pencils, pens, inks, &c., and a large variety of other articles, all of which he offers at very low prices.

BLANK BOOKS, PAPER AND STATIONERY—All kinds, of best quality, cheaper and daily increasing for the best goods made to order.
FRANCIS & LOOTEMI, No. 97 Maiden-lane.

STEELE'S PATENT FRATERNE BUSTARD.
STEELE & CO., Manufacturers,
No. 48 Nassau-st., one door below Maiden-lane.

NEW-YORK OR BROOKLYN—Lots of ground, or the material, in whole or part, for a small house, to be paid for in instalments, or little rent given for the same, will be exchanged for a lot in the American Exchange Bank.

Commercial Notices.

Accounting Actuaries.

A. E. PETTENGILL & CO.
Manufacturers, Guaranty, Stage Tickets, &c.
P. DOUGLAS, Manufacturer and Dealer in Patent Fireproof Window and Fireproof Shutters.
J. M. PUNLEON & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers, 16 Ann-st.

Grass and Fancy Seed Store.

WM. H. JAMESON, formerly W. & H. Jameson & Co., No. 151 Broadway, one door from Ann-st.

Hats, Caps, Furs and Fancy Goods.

Hats, Caps, Furs and Fancy Goods of all kinds on hand, making an assortment of over 100 kinds. C. L. HAMILTON & SON, No. 1 Park-row.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

SMITH, SIDNEY & SON, 108 Beek-st. and 110 Nassau-st.

IRON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Office, Cutlery, Edge tools, Carpenters' tools, Saws, &c., 42 Ann-st.

Hardware Merchants.

SPENCER HAYWARD.....No. 60 Maiden-lane.
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store.
GRIFFING BROS. & CO., Field and Garden Seeds, No. 48 Cortlandt-st.

Glass and Stoneware Articles.

EATON & FOLSAM, (late the "Co." of H. Jones & Co.) No. 102 Maiden-lane.

Glass-Stained and Ornamental.

BRAYTON TITUS & CO.....No. 9 Washington-st.
JOHN T. WILSON, (formerly Taylor & Wilson,) 78 Fulton-st.

Windows and Plate Glass (French and Russian).

E. SPERRY & BROS., (formerly.....) 8 Broadway.

NOTE—Any additions to the above list should be handed in to the office of A. E. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 119 Nassau-st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ The Bedford-st. Union Relief Society of the M. E. Church in the City of New-York, desirous of the hearty assistance and prayers of their friends, have purchased a building for their accommodation in Ann-st., near Chatham, and intend to lay the corner-stone on TUESDAY, 16th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. Rev. Dr. Bangs will preside. Rev. J. P. Kenyon, D. D., Rev. S. D. Ferris, D. D., Rev. J. B. Adams and others will address the assembly. The members of the Society, with all friends of the enterprise are respectfully invited to attend. Should the weather prove inclement, the ceremony will be postponed until the first fair day.

☞ The First-Place M. E. Church—corner First-place and Henry-st., South Brooklyn, will be dedicated to the Divine Worship of God on SUNDAY, the 14th inst. The Dedicatory sermon will be preached in the morning, at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Dr. Bangs, Missionary Secretary. In the afternoon, Rev. Dr. McClintock, President of Dickinson College, will preach at 3 o'clock; and in the evening, at 7½ o'clock, Rev. Dr. Stevens, editor of the *Christian Advocate*.

☞ Romanism shown to be completely at variance with the Bible.—Rev. Dr. McIlvaine's services, conducted on the Revivalist plan of dealing with sinners, and attended by thousands of every sect and of every condition of life, in Washington-st. Church, 34th st., continue to be held every evening, at SEVEN EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock. All are respectfully invited.

☞ The Influence of Science on the Destiny of the World Past, Present and Prospective.—A course of 12 lectures will be delivered by Rev. CHARLES J. JONES, Pastor of the Harmony Church, corner of Madison and Lafayette-sts., (formerly Mission-st. Church, Tompkins-st.) TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Seats free. L. P. HUBBARD, Secretary.

☞ Livingston Ref. Dutch Church—(N. W. corner of 23d-st. and 8th av.) Sabbath services TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M., conducted by the Pastor, Rev. F. W. Zaremba. Sabbath school at 9 and 2. Citizens residing in that vicinity and the public generally are invited to attend.

☞ Allen-st. Presbyterian Church Reopened.—The alterations and repairs on the church office being completed, services will be resumed on SUNDAY next (14th inst.) in the morning the Pastor will give a sketch of the history of this church. Service commencing at 10½ o'clock A. M., and in the evening at 7½ o'clock.

☞ The Fifteenth-street Presbyterian Church, between 2d-av. and Irving-place, will be open TO-MORROW, Preaching by Rev. SAMUEL D. ALEXANDER, at 10½ and 4 o'clock. The Sabbath School and Bible Class with the Church is open every Sabbath at 9 and 2 o'clock.

☞ The "Church on the Heights," corner of Pierrepont-st. and Monroe place, Brooklyn, will open for Divine worship on the evening of the second Sabbath in each month. Service TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sermons by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. BETHUNE.

☞ Fleet-street M. E. Church—Brooklyn. This Church having been recently repaired, will be opened for Divine service on SUNDAY the 14th. Preaching in the MORNING at 10½ o'clock by Rev. E. M. HAYDEN, PETTENGILL, at 3 o'clock, by JAMES PORTER, D.D. EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by the Pastor.

☞ Scotch and Irish Presbyterians—Will find public worship conducted in the Church corner of Stanton and Fourth sts., near the Bowery, as in their own country. Rev. JOHN SAMPSON, pastor. Service at 10½ and 3½ o'clock each Sabbath. Sunday School meets at 9 and 2 o'clock.

☞ Middle Reformed Dutch Church, Brooklyn, corner of Harrison-st. and Tompkins place. The services will be resumed on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, Sept. 14, at 10½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. N. E. Faris, and in the EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

☞ The Fifteenth-street Presbyterian Church—(Rev. G. A. PLUMLEY, pastor,) will resume their services on SUNDAY next, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., in the Academy of Design, Fifth-st., corner of 6th-av. and 24th-st. Preaching by the pastor.

☞ Armenian Mission.—Rev. CYRUS HAMLIN, D. D., of Constantinople, will occupy the pulpit of Rev. Dr. Phillips, in Mercer-st., SABBATH MORNING, and the pulpit of Rev. Dr. Adams, Madison-square, SABBATH EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

☞ Rose Hill M. E. Church, Twenty-seventh-street—Will be reopened TO-MORROW, Morning service by Rev. JESSE T. PECK, D.D. Afternoon, Rev. Dr. EMORY, and evening, Rev. W. PITMAN CORNIE. Seats free.

☞ John-st. First M. E. Church—Situated in John-st., between Nassau and William-sts. Preaching TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers and all favorable to sustaining a church in the lower part of the City are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

☞ First M. E. Church, formerly in John-st., now worshipping in the Church on the west side of 4th-av. between 23d and 24th sts., next door to Dr. Parker's Church. Preaching next SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and at 4 P. M. by the Pastor, Rev. GERSHOM S. HAIN.

☞ The Advent Mission Church—Will attend Divine worship, SABBATH, 10½ A. M. and AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, in Freemason's Hall, entrance No. 502 Broadway, near Houston-st. Public are respectfully invited. Seats free.

☞ 144,000 Harpers!—Bishop Snow, of Mount Zion Church, will preach TO-MORROW, at 3 o'clock P. M., at Union Buildings, No. 162 Bowery. Subject—*The Lamb and his Company Standing on Mount Zion*—Rev. xiv., 1-4. Seats free.

☞ The Eighth Anniversary of the Juvenile Missionary Society of the Sect.-st. M. E. Church, Brooklyn, will be held on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Rev. T. B. BROCKUNIER, of Baltimore, will deliver an address. Singing by the children.

☞ Memorial Church.—Bishop PUTNAM will administer the rite of Confirmation in this Church, Hammond-st., corner of Waverley-place, TO-MORROW EVENING. Service commencing 10½; afternoon, 3½; evening, 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

☞ Unitarian Society, Williamsburg.—Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, Sr., will preach TO-MORROW, at Tremont Academy, No. 20 South 5th-st., Williamsburg. Services at 10½ A. M., and 7½ in the evening.

☞ Campbell, Practical Apothecary and Chemist, Baltimore-st., Baltimore. Special attention paid to Prescriptions. Southwest corner of Sharp-st. and 20th-st.

☞ Central M. E. Church—Seventh avenue and 14th-st., Rev. ALLEN STEELE, Pastor. Preaching TO-MORROW by Rev. CHARLES SHELLING, at 10½ A. M., and at 7½ P. M. by Rev. W. H. MILBURN.

☞ Rev. T. H. Stockton, D. D.—Of Baltimore, will preach in the 5th-av. Baptist Church, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10½ o'clock; Rev. S. A. Corey will preach in the EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

☞ Washington-street M. E. Church, Brooklyn.—Preaching TO-MORROW, Sept. 14, at 10½ A. M. by Rev. ADAMS SPENCE, of New-York, and at 7½ P. M. by the Pastor, Rev. C. SCHLLING.

☞ Market Street Church.—Tabernacle, Rev. T. L. CUYLER will preach a Sermon to young people TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*A Home of Industry and a Home of Idleness.*

☞ There will be a lecture and discussion at Military Hall, No. 208 Bowery, opposite Spring-st., on SUNDAY, the 14th, on the question of Slavery. To commence at 3 P. M.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

MASONIC NOTICE.—NEPTUNE LODGE, No. 611, F. A. M.—The members of this Lodge are hereby notified to meet at the Interpreter, No. 61 Sixth-st., on SUNDAY, 14th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of assisting at the funeral of our late Brother, SAMUEL DEVIN. All members of the Fraternity are cordially invited to meet with the Lodge on that occasion. By order,

GEO. W. THURBER, W. M.

G. L. McLEAN, Secretary.

TO MECHANICS.—A young man, 18 years of age, and residing with his family, desires a situation as a wheelwright, blacksmith or carpenter; would make first-class mechanic. Address MECHANIC, Times office.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ The Fourth-Place M. E. Church—Corner of Henry and Pierrepont-sts., Brooklyn, will be opened for Divine worship on SUNDAY, the 14th inst., at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sermons by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. BEMAN.

☞ Tomatoes and Fruits of all kinds may be preserved in the most perfect manner by using the inimitable self-sealing Cans, manufactured by TAYLOR & HODGETTS, No. 60 Beekman-st., acknowledged to be the best Can ever offered to the public.

BROOKLYN, E. D., June 12, 1856.

Messrs. TAYLOR & HODGETTS, No. 60 Beekman-st.:

SIR: Having used your Cans last season for the purpose of preserving Fruit and Vegetables, we take great pleasure in testifying to their superiority over all others. We would advise all persons desirous to keep their fruit and Vegetables, to give them a trial, as the best and cheapest means of preserving their Fruit, &c.

A. & H. KEMP, Olean Garden.

And many more certificates to be seen from those who used them last season.

☞ Have your Headache? Dyer's Embrocation cures.

You have the Rheumatism? Get the Embrocation at once.

Are you burned or scalded? The Embrocation gives relief.

Your stomach is weak and sinking? The Embrocation cures.

Have you Cholera or Diarrhœa? Get Dyer's Embrocation.

A sprained limb will be strengthened by the Embrocation.

Are you troubled with Cramps or Spasms or Tooth-ache? Use Dyer's Embrocation. C. H. RING, No. 102 Bedford-st., wholesale and at retail; MORELL, corner Hessian and 1st-av., and others.

☞ Tomatoes, Green Corn, Peaches—Or any other fruit or vegetable can be preserved in a fresh state, with all their flavor, WITHOUT THE USE OF SUGAR or any other preservative ingredient, by using "SPRAGUE'S PATENT SELF-SEALING CANS," for which GOLD MEDALS AND PREMIUMS were awarded last season. These are the Cans which are WARRANTED to preserve all kinds of fruit and vegetables.

All orders, by post or otherwise, promptly delivered to any part of the City or Brooklyn, free of charge.

WELLS & PROVOST, Sole Proprietors,
No. 321 Pearl-st., near Franklin-square.

☞ To Wholesale Grocers, Distillers, Druggists and Others.—Has extract oil, flavorings and essences of all flavors known, required additions of spirits; colorings for brandies and port wine; chemicals used in the arts, fireworks, glass making, &c. Essential oils and other chemicals, bismuth, manganese, asbestos, &c., for sale by Dr. L. FEUCHTWANGER, No. 142 Maiden-lane.

☞ Summer Complaints—Rats fearful havoc among children. Dyer's Healing Embrocation is the mother's best friend; it is always reliable. Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, and all complaints caused by the cruelty of heat; headache, weakness and pains are banished by the immediate relief, cleansing and free from pain. CHARLES H. RING, General Agent, No. 102 Broadway. Sold at retail everywhere.

☞ Guns and Sporting Articles—Single and double barrel muzzle-loaders, shot and rifle shooting, also for ducking; 10 in barrel No. 8 bore, heavy metal, arms very light; also: Rocket, pistols, cane, wadding, drinking flasks, &c., all imported direct from manufacturers, and for sale at a small advance by
A. T. RUSSEL, No. 127 Fulton-st.,
Importer of Hardware.

☞ The Smell of the Day
is put up
in
handsome German boxes
DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF,
Price Two Shillings.

☞ J. Chawnsen Kelley, Anatomical Physician, can be consulted at his office, No. 5 State House, 4th-st., (free of charge,) until the 1st of October, upon diseases of the lungs, liver, kidneys, &c., with their symptoms, as Consumption, Dyspepsia, dropsy, nervousness, debility, difficulty of breathing, &c., &c.

☞ Fluid Extracts of Dandelion and Gentian—This combination is now in favor with many physicians as an anti-bilious cathartic. Valuable as a family remedy for children, and largely in place of castor oil. Prepared by TILDEN & CO., No. 161 John-st., New-York, and sold by all druggists.

☞ University of the City of New-York.—The curators of this institution will meet on WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst. Applications for admission will be received at the commencement.

ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

☞ Yale's Hall, (late Mechanics Institute,) No. 1 Bowery. A Lecture or Sermon on "Free Soil, Free Labor, Free Speech, and Free Men," by C. VALK, to be followed by a Debate on the Fugitives.

☞ Post-Office Notice.—The mails for Europe per Union, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of September, at 10½ o'clock A. M. ISAAC V. FOWLER, Postmaster.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

FOR CONGRESS,
JAMES G. RUTHERFORD.

INDEPENDENT MEETING OF WORKING MEN—A People's Candidate for Governor. The LABORING MEN of New-York are in favor of nominating HORACE GREELEY for Governor of this State, independent of all political parties, as an honest man, who will administer the Government with economy and strict fidelity, and who will protect the rights and welfare of the laboring classes. Meet at Tammany Hall, on SATURDAY EVENING, to take the matter into consideration.

DELEGATES TO REPRESENTATIVE CONVENTION—Delegates to the Representative Convention of the 1st Assembly District will meet on Wednesday evening, Sept. 17, at 7½ o'clock, at the house of JOSEPH KEIM, at Grand-st. and ISAAC E. HATCHELOR and FRANCIS D. HALLIGAN are nominated to the Elect Committee.

BOARDING.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.

THE HEATED WALK FROM FULTON FERRY.

GENTLEMAN AND THEIR WIVES, or single gentlemen, can be accommodated with good rooms and board, with the comforts of a home upon application to No. 69 Orange-st. The rooms to be occupied are on the second floor, fronting on Concord-st.; also, another room, fitted for special board.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—Gentlemen with their wives, or single gentlemen, can be accommodated with very desirable rooms and board, in a private family, in a pleasant location, within 5 minutes' walk from the Ferry, Brooklyn. References required.

BOARDING.—A small American family in Bedford-st. have one large and another small furnished room, and a single furnished room, for the accommodation of gentlemen and their wives, or to two single gentlemen. House has gas and bath-room. Apply at 104 New-York Post Office, with references.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—In a private family, a pleasant room, with board, can be obtained in the vicinity of Clinton and Fulton-sts. Apply at 104 New-York Post Office, with references.

BOARD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—By a gentleman and wife, two pleasant rooms, with board, in a genteel private family, near the Ferry; would require a parlor and two good sized bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, for the above named parties. Location, north side of Brooklyn, near Atlantic-st. Address R., office of the *Daily Times*.

BOARD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—By a gentleman and wife, two single rooms, and board, in a genteel private family, near the Ferry; would require a parlor and two good sized bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, for the above named parties. Location, north side of Brooklyn, near Atlantic-st. Address R.,

[illegible]

Measurement of Passenger Vessels.

Owing to the United States of passenger steamers [illegible] will remain between that, by a recent regulation of the Secretary of the Treasury, a more liberal mode of measuring the space in ships, for passengers between decks, has been authorized, than had previously been considered allowable, by the Act of Congress, of March 3, 1855. The first section of that act provides—

"The spaces appropriated for the use of passengers, and which shall not be occupied by stores or other goods not the personal baggage of such passengers, shall be in the following proportions, viz: On the main and poop decks, or platforms and in the deck houses, if there be any, one passenger for each sixteen clear superficial feet of deck, (if the decks or distance between the decks or platforms shall not be less than six feet, and on the lower deck, (not being an orlop deck,) if any, one passenger for eighteen such clear superficial feet, if the height or distance between the decks or platforms shall not be less than six feet, but so that no passenger shall be carried on any other deck or platform, nor upon any deck where the height or distance between decks is less than six feet. *Provided*, That on board two-deck ships, where the height between the decks is seven and one half feet or more, fourteen clear superficial feet of deck shall be the proportion required for each passenger."

The penalty for violating these provisions is as follows:

"If any such master of any vessel shall take on board his vessel, at any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, any greater number of passengers than in the proportion aforesaid to the space aforesaid, or to the tonnage aforesaid, with tackle to carry the same to any foreign port or place, other than foreign contiguous territory as aforesaid, every such master shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, before any circuit or district court of the United States, shall, for each passenger taken on board beyond the limit aforesaid, or the space aforesaid, be fined in the sum of fifty dollars, and may also be imprisoned at the discretion of the Judge before whom the penalty shall be recovered, not exceeding six months."

On the 23d March, 1855, three weeks after this act was passed, Mr. GUTHRIE issued a circular containing the following construction of that part of the law which relates to the manner in which collectors and others are required to order the measuring of the height between the deck below and the deck above, on board of passenger vessels. He says:

"In order to determine the number of passengers a vessel is entitled to carry, in accordance with the spaces prescribed by this act, the height between decks must be measured *from the bottom edge of the carlines or deck beams to the top floor below*; and no space shall be considered available for passengers that has not, when measured in this manner, the height called for by the law, as the case may be."

Wide differences of opinion have existed among writers upon naval architecture as to the precise manner of deciding upon the height of vessels between decks. By far the more commonly received view, universal too in practice, has always been that the distance is to be taken from the floor above to the floor below. Others have maintained that the transverse beams and carlines, which project downwards from the upper of the two decks, ought to be deducted from this measurement; and that the lower edge of the beams was the true place of beginning to calculate the space allotted for goods or passengers. As the law of last year was intended for the benefit of emigrants, it seems that Mr. GUTHRIE at first accepted the opinion which should most favor them, and hence was derived the interpretation contained in his circular of March 23, 1855. The consequence, however, was that some of the best ships of New-York and Boston—those, in fact, which were most perfectly adapted for the reception of passengers—were thrown out of employ. Many of them which, under previous laws, drawn up with the same phraseology, had carried passengers for years, were declared liable to seizure. Ship builders and nautical men protested loudly against understanding the phrase "between decks" to mean otherwise than from the deck or platform beneath to the deck or platform above, irrespective of the beams or platforms on which the deck rested, of which they denied that they formed a part. It was declared that English and French laws, although framed like ours, were interpreted differently; moreover, that the phraseology of the law is unambiguously in opposition to Mr. GUTHRIE's construction; and that the measurement adopted for ascertaining the tonnage of vessels confirms these objections.

The consequence of the contention which has existed between ship owners and the Treasury Department, *with regard to the respective rights of owners and passengers*, has been the most thorough and comprehensive examination of the subject that has ever been made. Its result has also been the regulation of Mr. GUTHRIE which has now been issued, reversing the interpretation contained in the circular of last year. He says:

"In order to determine the number of passengers a vessel is entitled to carry in accordance with the spaces prescribed by this act, *the height between the decks must be measured, not as heretofore directed, from the bottom edge of the carlines or deck beams, but from the under surface of the upper deck to the top floor below*; and no space shall be considered available for passengers that has not, when measured in this manner, the height called for by law, as the case may be; nor shall any space in the vessel of a less width than four feet be measured; provided, however, if the vessel shall, in accordance with the provisions of the first section of the act, carry any portion of her cargo, or any other article or articles, on any of the decks, cabins, or other places appropriated to the use of passengers, in lockers or inclosures prepared for the purpose, *the height between decks shall be measured from the under surface of the upper deck to the upper surface of said lockers or inclosed spaces*, which shall be deemed and taken to be the deck or platform from which measurement shall be made for all the purposes of this act, and the spaces occupied by said lockers or inclosed spaces shall be deducted from the spaces allowable for the use of passengers.

The encumbering by merchandise or stores, not the personal baggage of the passengers, except in lockers or inclosures prepared for the purpose, of any part of the space occupied by the passengers, will vitiate the whole space, unless the part so encumbered be separated from that so occupied, by a substantial bulkhead.

The deck or platform must be of a permanent nature, flush, and impervious to water."

The history of our passenger laws, up to the present time, is as follows: Until the 22d February, 1847, the only law regulating passenger ships and vessels, was that of March 1819, which *prohibited ships from carrying a greater number* of passengers than two for every five tons, according to Custom House measurement. The Act of February 22, 1847, provides that not more than one passenger shall be allowed to each "fourteen superficial feet of deck, if the vessel is not to pass within the tropics;" but the first section declares that "nothing shall not be construed to permit any ship or vessel to carry more than two passengers to every ton of such [illegible] measurement in force. When larger vessels, with three decks, began to be built, these two enactments were found to be in direct conflict with each other, and, therefore, in the tenth section of the Act, approved May 17, 1848, "to provide for the ventilation of passenger vessels, and other purposes," so much of the 1819 act, as limited the number of passengers to two for every five tons, was repealed. Both the laws of 1847 and 1848 were passed while the Hon. ROBERT J. WALKER was Secretary of the Treasury. He interpreted them as follows:

"The number of passengers that a vessel may be entitled to carry, is not, as under former laws, to be computed by her tonnage, but by her capacity, according to the dimensions of the apartment or apartments occupied by the passengers, allowing for each passenger, as provided by the Act of 22d February, 1847, a space of fourteen clear superficial feet of deck, if such vessel is not to pass within the tropics during the voyage."

Mr. WALKER, it will be seen, laid great stress on the law of 1848. Mr. GUTHRIE, when he came into office, gave more importance to the law of 1847. In his circular of August 30, 1854, he says:

"It will be observed that the first section of the Act of 22d February, 1847, imposes a penalty on the master of any vessel who shall "take on board such vessel," &c., "a greater number of passengers than in the following proportion to the space occupied by them," &c., on the lower deck, or orlop deck, if any. This provision is omitted, it will be seen, by the 8th section of the Act of May 17, 1848, regulating, in certain cases, the spaces according to the height or distance between decks, and imposing a penalty on the master of a vessel, taking on board, &c., a greater number of passengers than is allowed by that section.

It has been made a question whether these limitations extend to passengers taken on board and accommodated on the upper or spar deck. The Department is of opinion that the terms of the act clearly limit the whole number of passengers (except cabin passengers) who can be taken on board and conveyed in a passenger vessel, to one for every fourteen, thirty, sixteen, or twenty-two clear superficial feet of the lower deck, and orlop deck, as the case may be; and that for any excess of passengers (except cabin passengers) beyond the number resulting from those proportions, whether lodged on the upper or spar deck, or elsewhere, the penalty of the law will be incurred."

This construction continued in force until March 3, last. It became evident, however, that the laws of 1847 and 1848 were at variance, and that further legislation upon the subject of passenger vessels was necessary. The bill was therefore prepared by the Treasury Department, which is now a law. It was confidently believed, at the time, by New-York ship owners and others, that its provisions would remove all difficulties and embarrassments upon the subject. It might have done so, had it not been for the difference of opinion respecting measurement. Now that this is removed, it is to be hoped that all parties will be hereafter satisfied.

Constructive Treason.

ROSEBROOK, BROWN, RAYMOND, and others implicated in the cause of the free population of Kansas, are charged with the crime of high treason against the Government of the United States. The charge is raised by construction, constructive treason being an invention of Jeffreys and Scroggs, *in temp. Chrol. Sec.*, extremely convenient, when the letter of constitution and law fails to reach the lengths required by despotism, and a longer tether is necessary to eke it out. The preamble of the old statute of King EDWARD III., declared that the object of the act was so to define treason as to prevent constructive allegations. It was accordingly pronounced to consist in "compassing or imagining the death of the King; or levying war against him in his realm;" the latter clause being explained by able authorities to include resistance to the execution of laws by "premeditated open acts of violence, hostility and force." Adapting the British act to American exigencies, our Constitution declares that "treason against the United States shall consist *only* in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort." No latitude of construction is left to prosecuting officers, the bench or juries. If war is not distinctly made against the Government by a general, avowed and armed resistance to some particular act or acts of Congress, treason does not exist, and no implication can raise it. And yet, under the direction of the Federal Administration, the men we have named stand in peril of their lives, without the slightest pretence that they have levied war upon the Federal Government, or resisted its laws; but merely that they have resisted the legislation of a body of men, acting in contempt and violation of a law of the United States. They are traitors for vindicating the majesty of a solemn national enactment against the Shawnee Mission Legislature. The construction is ingenious and subtle.

It may not be useless to remark, as an indication of the recent tendencies of the Government, that this is the second attempt at introducing the despotic contrivance of Judge JEFFREYS into our system. The first attempt was made by President FILLMORE, only five years ago. One GORSUCH, a clergyman, with a crowd of armed friends and neighbors from Maryland, entered Pennsylvania, in pursuit of a runaway negro slave. Their search in the village of Christiana was so close and so offensive, that the inhabitants, insulted and indignant, rose up in resistance: an affray ensued, and in the course of it GORSUCH was killed,—by whom, whether by friend or foe, was never discovered. CASPARE HANWAY, with three or four others, were arrested. Their crime—if they were criminals—was "riot." The most malignant construction could make nothing else of it. There was no purpose of resisting a law of the United States; there was no premeditation at all; it was the spontaneous reaction of an offended community against the violence of strangers and interlopers. Nevertheless, instructions were sent by the President, Mr. FILLMORE, to the Government prosecuting-officer to have all the prisoners *indicted for high treason*. They were indicted accordingly. After a tedious imprisonment they were brought to trial. The whole energy of the Fillmore Administration, all the ingenuity and industry of its legal servants were devoted to the conviction of the prisoners, so that they could escape with no penalty less awful than death. The bench, with Judge GRIER and KANE upon it, of course, charged as the Government desired. Nothing but the fidelity shown and justice of the Jury saved the innocent men. For they were acquitted of treason, and only convicted of the less formidable misdemeanor of riot and breach of the peace. The merit of introducing constructive treason into our criminal code does not therefore belong to President PIERCE, but to President FILLMORE. The motive, subservience to the despotic dictation of the Slave-holding interest, was the same, and so far the glory may be counted equal. The originality and priority are due to the latter. It is surprising that PIERCE does not gather a lesson from the failure of his predecessor, and abandon the prosecutions. Or does he count on a Border-Ruffian Jury?

Canvassing upon Railroads and Steamboats.

A gentleman who has traveled a good deal in the New-England States during the Summer, sends us the result of *forty-three* separate canvassings of the company into which he happened to be thrown. In every case, he assures us, he made the inquiry personally of every person present, and recorded the response with conscientious accuracy.

The following was the result:

	Fr.	Buch.	Fill.
From New-Haven to Middletown	20	14	5
From Middletown to Hartford, (boat)	20	5	4
From Hartford to Springfield	41	10	
From Springfield to Bellows Falls	63	21	8
From Bellows Falls to Littleton	35	19	3
At the Island House	11	2	—
Eight stages and steamboats among the White Mountains from Profile House to Centre Harbor	83	33	19
On the top of Mount Washington	41	12	7
At the Crawford House	60	31	19
From the Weirs to Concord	30	6	1
From Concord to Boston	41	20	14
From Boston to Burlington	275	94	35
From Burlington to Rouse's Point	47	15	7
From Rouse's Point to Whitehall	19	12	6
From Whitehall to Saratoga	41	22	8
From Saratoga Springs to Albany	53	21	9
From Albany to Rochester	71	20	11
From Rochester to Buffalo	32	47	17
From Buffalo to Cleveland	197	96	46
From Cleveland to Philadelphia	301	174	20
From Philadelphia to New-York	99	75	17
From New-York to New-Haven	51	29	7
Thirteen minor canvassings at Niagara Falls, Hotels, &c.	93	53	34
Total	1,397	790	356

Upon this table our correspondent makes the following comments:

From these statistics, and the observations made while obtaining them, I get the following results:

1. Among the *traveling* and *intelligent* portions of community, FREMONT has nearly twice as many partisans as both the other candidates together, while in the rural districts and back settlements, opinion is pretty equally divided between FREMONT and BUCHANAN.

2. Of the voters, apparently between 21 and 30 years of age, five-sixths are for FREMONT.

3. Of those evidently over 50 years of age, nearly two-thirds are for BUCHANAN.

4. Of those between 30 and 50 years of age, over five-sixths are for FREMONT.

5. Of those voting for BUCHANAN, there were, to my certain knowledge, in every principal canvass, from two to ten holding office under the present Administration.

6. Of those from the Southern States, about three-quarters were for BUCHANAN, nearly a quarter for FILLMORE, and quite a number asserted that they should not vote at all.

7. Of literary men, collegiate professors, teachers &c., seven-eighths were Republicans.

8. Of forty-two ministers of the Gospel, thirty-nine affirmed they should vote for FREMONT, one for BUCHANAN, and two for FILLMORE.

9. According to the best information I could get, nearly or quite four fifths of the Democrats are opposed to the Maine Liquor Law.

10. Of the Irish seven-eighths go for BUCHANAN. Of the Germans there are thirty-one for FREMONT and twenty-nine for BUCHANAN, in my canvass within.

11. Of the numbers from Pennsylvania with whom I spoke, nearly all gave this peculiar and uniform report: that *their own district* would go strongly for FREMONT, but that the State would probably give a majority for BUCHANAN.

12. I met with seventeen men who who said that they should not vote at all, but that their preference was for FREMONT. The appearance of most of them indicated a Southern nativity.

13. Among those who will vote for FREMONT I found 78 who voted for PIERCE; how many more there were in the same condition, I know not.

14. Just twenty-one voted the Abolition ticket.

15. Eleven declared they should vote for FREMONT, although they had not voted, some for sixteen years, some for twenty years, and some even for more than thirty years.

16. Of the ladies, 57 were for FREMONT, in *opposition to their husbands*; 9 for FILLMORE, in opposition to their husbands; for BUCHANAN, in opposition to their husbands, none. The vote of the ladies apparently over 18 years of age, stood in the aggregate thus: FREMONT, 1,126; BUCHANAN, 347; FILLMORE, 323. FILLMORE's fine personal appearance has not been without its effect upon the numerous fair ones who have heard him speak in public more or less *during the last twenty years*.

Taking all these results together, I view in them facts of the most cheering character. Young men are more honest than old ones, and they are overwhelmingly for FREMONT, Freedom, and Humanity. This augurs well for future public virtue and the permanency of our Republican institutions. Ministers of the Gospel and men of science are all with us. The loveliness, virtue, temperance and intelligence of the land are all with us. Who can be against us?

A Nuisance in the Park.

A lady requests us to call attention to a very great nuisance in the Park, in the rear of the City Hall. We do so with pleasure. But what's the use? It is directly under the eye and the nose of the Mayor, as well of the Chief of Police, and of every one, in fact, whose business calls him to the City Hall. The Common Councilmen, as they sit in their chamber, must be constantly reminded of it, and yet it is permitted to exist in all its foulness, and what was intended as a promoter of public decency and cleanliness has become, for the lack of attention, a foul and disgusting object. If such things can be permitted within the grounds of the City Hall, it is too much to expect that the remote parts of the City, the bye-places and districts in which the laboring poor reside, should be kept in decent condition.

—A "stern spirit of conciliation" is not very frequently manifested by our brethren of South Carolina, a contrary kind of sternness being, we are sorry to say, much more common. But Captain R. H. QUARLE, of Charleston, having been invited by a large number of the people of that district, to run for Congress in place of Mr. ASKEW, resigned, the gallant Captain has written a reply in which he announces himself as prepared at every hazard to yield to the call of his country, and says that:

"Impressed with the importance of strengthening the hands of the Federal Government, that the North may be forced into obedience to all constitutional requirements, it becomes our first and most imperative duty to unite with our friends of the East and West, in putting down all agitation, by enforcing the eternal spirit of unalterable constitutions."

—"A GLORIOUS RIDDLE.—It is said that the Health Officer of New-York, R. H. THORNTON, Esq., will receive for the three Summer months this year, [illegible] and indirectly, fees to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars."

To this fatherless paragraph, which has been floating about for a month past, the Charleston Mercury adds the following:

"It might also be said that his services have been worth millions to the business of New-York, and to the Southern consideration, the preservation of thousands of lives, by preventing it from the pestilence which has been hovering on its borders for weeks past."

[illegible]

Political.

WITHDRAWAL OF MR. BUCHANAN.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* of the 11th has the following paragraph: "It is stated that Mr. BUCHANAN really made a proposition to Mr. BUCHANAN at the Wheatlands, yesterday, on the subject of his withdrawal. The plan is to get Mr. DUNKLSON also to withdraw, and unite the Democratic and the American tickets in the persons of FILLMORE and BRECKINRIDGE. Such a ticket, Mr. BUCHANAN thinks, will be likely to succeed against FREMONT and DAYTON. What is to be done about the two platforms does not appear. Nor have we learned what response Mr. BUCHANAN made to the proposition."

The Ward Committees of the various Fremont and Dayton Clubs, met in Convention at the Rooms of the Central Club, Broadway House, last night; much enthusiasm was manifested, and much important business transacted.

A discussion arose as to the propriety of having a torchlight procession on the 24th inst. The matter was laid over. The body then adjourned to meet on Tuesday next.

Crushing Out the Republicans.

MOBBING THE REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION OF BALTIMORE.

From the Baltimore Sun, Sept. 12.

The Republican Association held a meeting last evening at the Temperance Temple, and in the absence of the President, Mr. ELIAS HAWLEY, on motion of Mr. WM. GUNNISON, Mr. F. E. CORKRAN was called to the Chair, and Mr. WM. H. COALE, Jr., was selected as secretary *protem*.

Mr. WM. GUNNISON, from a Committee appointed to report an address to the Republicans of this State, submitted one which set out with the declaration of their devotion to the Constitution and the Union, and of their adhesion to Free-Soilism in Territories admitted; declared the repeal of the Missouri Compromise to be a breach of faith on the part of the South, and that peace and unity could not again exist without the same was restored.

It also declared that the charge made against them of being in favor of Abolitionism was unjust and unfounded, as they held the opinion that the emancipation of the slave would tend to render his condition worse, and fatal to the black race, unless the Government should take steps to colonize the manumitted slaves. It declared Slavery to be permanent with difficulty by causing a monopoly of the soil of the Slave States, and that it tended to subjugate the rights and interests of the non-slaveholder to the slave-owner. The Kansas act it denounces as a fraud; and also denounces the Administration for employing the Government troops in the civil war existing in that Territory, as the address sets forth, against the Free State men.

At this stage of the reading of the address a large number of persons who had assembled in the room and around the door created some slight confusion by crowding and laughter, when a Mr. BLANCHARD, well known as a Sunday street preacher, passed down the room to them and commanded silence and ordered them to leave the room or take seats. This was succeeded by loud laughter, applause and hisses, and three cheers being proposed for THURMAN, they were given amid the utmost confusion and terrific noise produced by stamping, clapping of hands, &c. Next three cheers were given for BUCHANAN in the same fashion, and for some twenty minutes there was kept up a succession of cheering for these gentlemen, alternated with loud groans for Colonel FREMONT, CORKRAN, GUNNISON, FREMONT, and others taking part in the meeting—the whole being interspersed with cries of "turn off the lights," "fire and feather them," &c., while loud calls were made by the same parties for speeches from those denounced in the meeting. Some of the lights there being turned off, these gentlemen commenced leaving the room, when they were saluted as they passed through the crowd with groans, hisses and other similar sounds and remarks, they making as hasty an exit as possible, followed by the crowd, where an immense concourse had assembled, and upon reaching the street loud cries were made for rails, upon which to ride them, and the cheering and groaning was renewed. Messrs. CORKRAN and Col. WM. H. COALE were followed by the crowd and roughly hustled about until they had reached the corner of Gay and Fayette streets, where the former was tripped up or knocked down, and the tails of his coat, cut entirely off; while the latter received punishment, although not so roughly treated, was pushed and hustled about in other than a pleasant manner, and his hat mashed in. They were then allowed to take their departure, while the crowd amused themselves by burning the portion of Mr. CORKRAN's garment they had secured into strips, and distributing it among them.

[illegible]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

FOR RESTORING THE HAIR USE [illegible]

For preserving the Hair, use [illegible]

For beautifying the Hair, use [illegible]

The numerous cases of LYON'S PATHAIRON, nearly 1,000,000 bottles, are sufficient to convince the most incredulous of its merit. Sold by all druggists everywhere. Depot, 308 Broadway. HEATH, WEBDOOF & CO., 40 Liberty-st., N. Y.

CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES.

Fifty New-Pattern Chandeliers—Never before offered in any market, will be OPENED THIS WEEK, for the inspection of purchasers, by COLT & WHITELEGGE, No. 345 Broadway, corner of Reade-st.

JET BRACELETS AND ORNAMENTS OF THE newest patterns, varying to be manufactured by every dealer, or, with an endless variety of Fancy Jewelry, Leather Goods, Gentlemen's and ladies' wear, and every item, perfumery, brushes and other Novelties, &c., &c., at the extensive Fancy Bazaar of H. S. RODGERS, 160 Broadway.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES—With Marks Patent Fire-Proof Locks, the same that were awarded a premium at the World's Fair, 1853, and are the only AMERICAN SAFES that were awarded medals at the London World's Fair.

THE PATENTEE PLACED 5,000 IN GOLD in the one exhibited at the WORLD'S FAIR, London, and invited all the FIRE LOCKS in the WORLD TO OPEN THE SAFE, with no success. Have, and take the money as a reward for their ingenuity.

The subscribers and their agents are the only persons authorized to make and sell Herring's Patent Champion Safes, with Marks's Patent Fire Locks.

A. G. HERRING & CO., Sole Manufacturers, Nos. 128, 127 and 129 Water-st. and No. 1 Gerard-st., N. Y.

WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES—WITH STEARNS & MARVIN'S IMPROVEMENT—Have their doors on the weak side, and are therefore more liable to injure papers, than any other safe. The subscriber, the only maker of the genuine Salamander, during which time not a single set of papers has been destroyed in any of my safes, which have been in the most intense heat of the STEARNS, who has for years been superintendent of my factory, and made most of my safes, is now my partner, and will continue to make the best safe he can. Warranted free from dampness. For sale by WILDER & STEARNS, 348 Broadway, and 125 Water-st. Second-hand Safes of other makers, at reduced prices.

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND WINDOW SHADES.

KNATT & FERGUSON, No. 257 Broadway, and No. 84 Reade-st., have a full and complete assortment of Curtain Materials, Window Shades, Laces and Gimps, Cornices, Cords, &c., which are offered at the lowest prices.

Winter Goods.—The stock of Winter Goods is the largest in New-York, and offers greater inducements than any other establishment, as the facilities enable us to offer them cheaper than other houses. We invite the attention of the trade to our stock.

HATTERS' MOULDS.—A NEW STYLE, HIGHLY ornamental, combining the advantages of the square and round crown; the hat is easily stripped, and is a perfect mould for the crown, and is the only one which can be used for the round crown. Also, Hatters' Tools, Materials, &c., for sale by the manufacturer, JOHN A. BRAYTON, No. 2 Spruce-st., near Nassau-st., New-York.

RICH CARPETING.—SMITH & LONGSTREET, No. [illegible] Broadway, have just received, per late arrivals, their FALL IMPORTATION OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH CARPETINGS, comprising every description and under them the same covered to the consuming public.

English Brussels, good styles and quality, 75c. per yard.

WINTING FLUID.

The Best Writing Fluid in the World.

IMPROVED LIBRARY FLUID.

It is in all respects equal to the best English, and in some important qualities it is superior to all. For sale by the stationers. MADISON DAVIES & CO.

PETERSON & HUMPHREY,

No. 334 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.,

Have just received a large and elegant assortment of RICH AND ELEGANT CARPETINGS, FOR SALE CHEAP.

WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFE, THE BEST FIRE-PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD, WARRANTED FIRE-PROOF.

Depot No. 128 Water-st., near Wall, New-York.

N. S. WILDER & CO., Manufacturers and Manufacturers.

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR LIQUID HAIR DYE. It is warranted to dye the hair or whiskers any of the shades, from light to black or brown, by the simple process of the application. It has been used in this city for the last twenty years, and is considered superior to any other preparation of the kind in the world. Manufactured, sold, and wholesale applied at CRISTADORO'S Wig and Scalp Manufactory, No. 6 Astor House. Over the colonnade.

BAGS AND MUSLIN CURTAINS, at very low prices.

PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 334 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.

CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, DRUGGETS, RUGS, TABLE COVERS, WINDOW SHADES, in great variety, new and cheap.

ARTHUR DONNELLY'S, No. 80 Bowery.

CARPETING.—ENGLISH VELVET TAPESTRY, 87c. English Brussels do., 75c.; other kinds, 50, 62½, 75c. per yard; Ingrain carpeting, from 25 cts. to 50 per yard, at the Great Carpet Emporium of J. HYATT, No. 239 Bowery, opposite Rivington-st.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THE ORIGINAL, THE Reliable, the Invulnerable—the manufacture of the hand, the envy of imitators, and the admiration of all who have used it. Warranted not to fade, rot, or injure the hair, which it leaves in a natural color and glossy condition. Sold by all druggists. Manufactory and Wholesale Depot, No. 233 Broadway.

NEW MUSIC JUST PUBLISHED BY HORACE WATERS, No. 333 Broadway. "Poor Old Mr. [illegible]," sung at Christy & Wood's last evening, by Mr. [illegible]; "Wait for Somebody," do. "Courting in Connecticut," [illegible] tion, &c. "Happy Hours," do. All popular music.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL U. S. M. S. S. CO. No. 15 Wall-st., New-York.

NOTICE.—THE RATE OF FREIGHT BY THE Steamers of this Line from Liverpool is reduced to five pounds per ton measurement. [illegible] R. M. GRAHAM.

10,000 CURES HAVE BEEN MADE THIS MONTH of diarrhœa, dysentery, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, &c., by Dr. TOBIAS CORDIAL OR VERMIFUGE CORDIAL. Warranted to cure or the money refunded. Price 25 and 50 cents. Depot, No. 80 Chatham-st. Sold by druggists throughout the United States.

PAPER DECORATIONS.—THOMAS FAYE & CO., No. 367 Broadway, near Worcester, have on hand every variety of paper hangings, adapted to any house in the trade, their effect can be fully appreciated, artistic workmen only employed, and all work warranted.

PAPER HANGINGS AT WHOLESALE.—COGWELL merchants are hereby informed that we have now on hand a full and American assortment, and at prices which cannot be undersold by any house in the trade. THOMAS FAYE & CO., No. 367 Broadway, opposite the City Hall.

BRUSSELS CARPETING, 75c. per yard.

PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 334 Broadway.

PETERSON & HUMPHREY, NO. 334 BROADWAY, have just opened their Fall importation of RICH CARPETINGS, to which they invite the attention of purchasers, wholesale and those about furnishing.

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS.—BATCHELOR'S WIGS ARE Toupees and Scalps are unsurpassed by any house in the world for the natural manner in which they are put on, and the durability of the article. The trade supplied on the most reasonable terms. Made and sold at BATCHELOR'S, No. 233 Broadway.

THE MOST HEALTHFUL FOOD FOR SUMMER and Fall is BECKER'S FARINA. Agreeable and nutritious, it is a most admirable preventive and remedy, in infants and adults, of the Summer complaint and diarrhœa prevailing at this season.

NO. 702 BROADWAY.—LOVETT'S WASHING WILL restore gray hair to its youthful appearance and color. Call and see them who have been gray and bald, and now have a perfect mask of hair in their young by using the Wash.

BELZIZ! BELZIZ!!—MESSRS. T. S. CHEESEMAN'S [illegible] FAIRBANKS & CO., No. 175 Broadway.

BERRIE & CO., No. 239 BROADWAY, HAVE THE [illegible] have also on hand [illegible] and traveling trunks and vest.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

[illegible]

VOL. III

SCRIBNER & NYCHTENHIS,

[illegible]

PUBLISH THIS MONTHLY.

I.

HUMAN PSYCHOLOGY.

[illegible]

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PARIS MILLINERY.—Madame FERRERO, No. 2 Astor-place, has open FALL MILLINERY on Tuesday, Sept. 18.

GO TO No. 107 BROADWAY.—Remember, where you can get a Hat for only $2, with your name stamped, and it made, that at H. M. M. will be delivered free of charge, that H. M. M. is the cheapest and best place to buy Hats, that H. M. M. TAKES CASH, that Gent's Furnishing Goods are cheap at H. M. M.'s, Broadway, N.-Y. Working plates cut at 4 and 5 cents per color.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. BRIDGMAN AND MISS SCHOOLCRAFT'S SCHOOL, No. 1 Bond-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Pupils can be received at any time. Terms, $250 per annum, for board and tuition. Day pupils, $50 per quarter. Circulars can be obtained at the Principals' residence, or at Appleton's, Broadway, near Bond-st.

APPRENTICES WANTED.—Wanted, a number of intelligent young men, to learn the Printing business. The business is healthy, and the pay good. Apprentices will be required to attend the Daily Tribune Office, from 3 to 6 o'clock P. M., but the Library is generally in attendance during the whole day. The terms on which the Library and Rooms are open to readers, are as follows:

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DAILY NORMAL SCHOOL OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The fall term of the Female Department of this School will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at 9 o'clock, A. M.; and of the Male Department on WEDNESDAY, 26 of Sept., at 4 o'clock, P. M., in the hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts. All persons residents of the City of New-York, of the age of 14 years and upwards, if females, and 16 years and upwards, if males, who intend to devote themselves to the business of teaching, may attend at those times to be examined.

WM. H. NEILSON, JNO. DAVENPORT, R. R. WINTHROP, | WM. S. SEE, DAVID WEBB, WM. ALLASON, JEDEDIAH MILLER, Committee.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 302 Broadway, corner of 18th-st., reopens Sept. 6. In addition to the junior department for boys from 8 to 10 years of age, there will be during the ensuing year a Primary department for boys from 6 to 8 years. The most advanced pupils of the school will be carried through the studies of the Freshman class of a College, so that they may enter as Sophomores in 1867. Due attention is paid to Gymnastics. Circulars may be had at the school, at No. 156 24-av., and at A. D. F. RANDOLPH'S bookstore, corner of Broadway and Amity-st. GEO. C. ANTHON.

THE SPRINGLER INSTITUTE—UNION SQUARE.—Will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19. The three departments, Primary, Academic and Collegiate are provided with the full and efficient corps of teachers. Young ladies with satisfactory testimonials may be admitted to any class for which they are prepared. Circulars will be found at Crowen's, Randolph's, Carter's, Appleton's, and Ivison & Phinney's. Further information may be obtained by letter or personal application to

SOREAM D. ABBOTT, Principal.

HUDSON CLASSICAL INSTITUTE—Will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 6, 1860. Boys thoroughly fitted for college or business. French and Spanish by a teacher residing in the family. Health, morals and manners are objects of special care. A boat is kept for recreation in boating, bathing and Saturday rec-ch excursions. Circulars may be had of the Principal, Rev. E. BRADSBURY, Hudson, N. Y.

NEWBURG (N. Y.) BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—Dr. CHAS. HINKEL, Principal.—The pupils are prepared for the University, for mercantile, or any other practical pursuits. French and German spoken in the family. Terms: $300 per annum, for board and instruction. No extras. For circulars, with references and complete details, address the Principal, at Newburg.

FORREST & QUACKENBOS WILL REOPEN THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.—(Now in its 36th year of successful operation.) at No. 71 West 13th-st., corner of 6th-av., on the 5th of September, with every advantage for the education of youth. Pupils are received at all ages, and thoroughly prepared for college or mercantile life. Parents are invited to visit the institution.

ELM PARK COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR BOYS—LITCHFIELD, CONN., (five hours from New-York,) under the superintendence of Dr. James Richards, assisted by Rev. THOMAS HUNTINGTON, A. M. Terms—$225 per annum, or $60 a quarter. For circulars apply to FARMER, BRACE & Co., No. 4 Cortlandt-st., WATKINSON & MILLER, No. 20 Nassau-st., or of the Principal at Litchfield, Conn.

CH. COUDERT'S LYCEUM.—No. 95 5th, St Mark's-place, New-York. French, English, Spanish, Commercial and Classical Boarding and Day School for Boys. The classes will reopen on Monday, 17th September. Circulars can be obtained at the Lyceum, and at Mr. FREDERIC R. COUDERT'S Office, No. 17 Broadway.

P. R. MAURICE.

BOOKKEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC.—Dolbear's Academy, No. 639 Broadway.—A few more seats are vacant for gentlemen wishing a practical knowledge of bookkeeping. Those limited in time can receive a special course from a practical bookkeeper, and be qualified in a few days to keep books by double entry.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 326 Broadway, corner of 12th-st. W. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 3. Circulars at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 411 Broadway; CROWEN'S, No. 660 Broadway, or at the residence of the Principal, No. 212 10th-st.

J. JAY CROSBY'S PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—No. 31 West 21st-st., reopens on MONDAY, Sept. 3. The number of scholars in the English and classical, as in the primary department, is limited to twenty-five. Circulars may be had at the school, or at APPLETON'S, LOCKWOOD'S, or RANDOLPH'S Bookstore.

FRENCH LESSONS.—Mons. J. J. SUBTIL, a graduate of the "Université de France," continues to teach his native language in classes in schools, and privately at his pupils' or at his residence, No. 318 8th-av., near 24th-st. References of the highest character. Evening Classes to begin Oct. 1.

PATTONS INSTITUTION.—For the education of Boys, in two departments, each limited to twenty, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 3, at No. 34 West 32d-st., between 5th and 6th-avs. Circulars may be obtained of the Principal at the rooms, and also at APPLETONS' and CROWEN'S bookstores.

SELECT CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.—Preparatory to the Freshman class of Columbia College, No. 123 West 23d-st. French and German will form part of the regular studies. An English department will be added this Fall. Next term commences MONDAY, Sept. 17. For terms, &c., apply to H. DMIELER, No. 123 West 23d-st.

GEO. S. FARRIS'S SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS (formerly D. P. Bacon's) will reopen Sept. 6. There are three Departments—Senior, Middle, and Primary, with Gymnastic Apparatus for physical training. Circulars may be had at LOCKWOOD'S Bookstore, or at the School-rooms 932 Broadway, cor. of 19th-st.

WINTHROP INSTITUTE.—For young ladies.—The Fall Term of this school commences on WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst. The subscriber will attend to any communication left at this office, or No. 397 3d-av., before 12 o'clock on Monday next.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1860. WM. DINISON, Supt.

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—No. 18 West 18th-st. Mrs. LEVERETT will reopen her school for the ensuing year on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Applications for the admission of pupils may be made to her personally or by letter at the above address.

MADAME CHEGARAY'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—Madison-av., southwest corner of 28th-st.—Madame CHEGARAY respectfully informs the parents of her Pupils, and the public generally, that her school will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.—No. 48 East 34th-st., near Madison-park.—Commercial and Classical Boarding and Day School, (Spanish and German languages) will reopen on *the 10th of September. Prospectus, containing full particulars, testimonials, &c., &c., to be had.* Prof. ELIE GUARIGLIA, of Paris.

THE MISSES HOBBS.—Respectfully inform their friends and the public that their Boarding and Day School will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Circulars can be obtained at their residence, No. 146 W. 23d-st., or at the bookstores of Messrs. Appleton, No. 346, Lockwood, No. 411, and Carter, No. 580, Broadway.

THE MISSES WILLIAMS.—Are prepared to receive six little girls under the age of 12 as boarders at their Boarding and Day School, in Oxford-st., between Fulton and De Kalb ave., Brooklyn, second brick house from Washington Park. Fall term will commence Sept. 1. Circulars to be had at the school.

MR. C. D. MORRIS, M. A.—Late Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford, reopens his school at his house, No. 202 4th-av., on Sept. 3. He begs to refer to Messrs. R. B. MINTURN, J. T. GERRY, E. A. HIGHHURST, F. W. DEVOE, A. SCHERMERHORN, A. H. SANDS, &c.

MURRAY HALL.—Young Ladies' Boarding School for school, French and English, No. 101 West 16th-st., near Broadway, New-York (Sector, Rev. J. H. ELMENDORF) will reopen Tuesday, Sept. 4. Chinese limited to 10.

PROF. E. H. BROWN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.—No. 502 Broadway, between 19th and 20th sts., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19. There are three departments, each limited in its number of pupils.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE.—No. 246 West 26th-st. will commence its eleventh year on MONDAY, Sept. 4. For particulars see circular, which may be obtained at the Institute.

J. H. BROWN, Principal.

MR. BINGHAM'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—Classical Gymnasium, Bible House, Astor-place. Third-avenue entrance. The next term will begin on Monday, the 1st of Sept. Number limited to twenty, with a Primary Department.

MR. A. BOURRAUD'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 130 Bleecker-st., Brooklyn, will be reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 6. He gives lessons for the modern languages, which are taught by his Grandmother.

MURRAY HILL YOUNG LADIES' FAMILY SCHOOL.—Conducted by Rev. Mr. and Mrs. HOWARD and DAUGHTERS, No. 16 East 35th-st., will be reopened Sept. 18. Circulars, references, and full information may be obtained at the house.

THE FAUCHERE INSTITUTE.—French and English Boarding School, in the healthy village of Hackensack, N. J., 11 miles from Hoboken, will reopen on the 5th September.

THE UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 3. Circulars may be obtained from the Janitor of the University.

TIBLOW & BRIDAY, Principals.

INSTRUCTION.

LOCKWOOD'S TEACHERS' AND LITERARY INSTITUTE, 411 BROADWAY.—Publishers of the American Educational Series of Reports.

SCHOOL AND FAMILY BOOKS.

Send their DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES, containing opinions of eminent teachers, who have examined, tested, and adopted these books. Critical reviews. Liberal terms to Teachers desiring to examine or adopt them.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—In charge of the undersigned, is now during the ensuing year, at the residence of Mr. Ferry, on Bergen-road, Jersey City, will find the location accessible and convenient.—The room large, pleasant and commodious. The number of pupils is limited to twenty-five, all of whom are taught by the principal only, except in the French and writing. In these branches the best Professors are employed. The entire time and best endeavors are devoted by the undersigned to the welfare and improvement of its school. Terms from $100 to $150 per year. No 31 East 16th-st. J. H. TYNG.

BERNARD & BECKERLEGG'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.—No. 128 24-av., corner of St. Mark's-Place. The ancient and modern languages and literature, the elementary and advanced mathematics (the exact sciences), a thorough commercial and collegiate course. A primary department has been organized. The twelfth academic year of this institution will commence on MONDAY, the 5th of September. Circulars can be obtained of Messrs. H. T. BERNSTEAD & SON, No. 630 Broadway, corner of Spring-st.

FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY-SCHOOL.—Nos. 108 Washington and 109 Clinton-place.—Directed by the late Professor of M. Fouquet. Messrs. LEAPINASSE and SMITH. Classical, Commercial and Mathematical studies; an Elementary department and Gymnasium. No extra charges for Modern languages, French is the language of the school.

THE MISSES WARLAND.—No. 760 West 23d-st., will resume their Day and Boarding School on the 15th September.

References.—Dr. Francis Warland, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Thomas Guilquist, New-York; James Bowman, Esq., New-York; Com. Skinner, Washington, D. C.; Jas. R. Westcott, Saratoga Springs.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—Mt. Pleasant, corner of Mackenzie, will reopen Monday, Sept. 3, 1860. Pupils from 7 years of age and upwards are instructed in the Junior, Middle and Senior departments.

CLARKE & FANNING, Principals.

GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.—PAUL DYRSEN continues to give instruction in his native language to schools or privately, at his pupils' and his own residence, No. 176 Greenwich-st., commencing Sept. 10. Applications received at P. W. CHRISTERN'S bookstore, No. 703 Broadway.

THE MISSES BOUKNALL'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—For young ladies, No. 25 Gramercy-park. The sixteenth year of this institution will commence Sept. 18. Circulars may be obtained by application to the Principals, at their residence.

MRS. BOOSTEIN—Late JULIA L. NORTHMILL, will continue to give instruction in singing, at her residence, No. 200 Bleecker-st., commencing again for the season on Monday, Sept. 18. Application to be made at the house.

MUNRAY HILL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—Lexington-av., between 26th and 27th sts., R. A. SMITH late of Madison-square Collegiate Institute, *Principal, will open on Monday, Sept. 23. Circulars at* Appleton's.

EVENING INSTRUCTION.—In the French Language given at pupils' residences by a gentleman engaged in literary pursuits. Terms moderate. Address B. C. H., Union-square Post-Office.

MR. AND MADAME URUCOY'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 127 Henry-st., Brooklyn, will reopen as usual on the 6th of September.

THE MISSES WALKER.—Will open a DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, on MONDAY, Sept. 18, at No. 1 East 32d-st. Circulars may be obtained there or at LOCKWOOD'S Bookstore.

THE YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.—No. 52 West 38th-st., under the supervision and charge of Rev. HENRY DANA WARD and Mrs. WARD.—Will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 13.

MRS. OKILL'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—Will be reopened on TUESDAY, Sept. 4. Circulars can be obtained at her residence, Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

MR. BUERAN NAISNE, M. A.—WILL reopen his school for boys at No. 14 West 27th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway, on MONDAY, 10th Sept. There are vacancies.

PROFESSOR DUNN'S SCHOOL.—No. 37 Madison-place for educating youth. French is spoken in the school.

MADAME F. RENCHARDT'S French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 28 West 30th-st., near 6th-av., will be reopened on Wednesday, 19th September.

THE FALL TERM OF MRS. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for young Ladies will commence Sept. 17. No. 4 West 37th-st., 2 doors from 5th-av.

MISS TELLER'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL.—For young ladies, No. 5 East 50th-st., between 5th and Madison ave., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 6.

MME. COUTAN'S.—French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 279 5th-av., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 18. An omnibus is attached to the institution.

J. B. CORLEY'S BOARDING SCHOOL, Westport, Conn., 54 miles from New-York by the N. Y. & N. H. Railroad, Number 15 Pupils. For particulars, address the Principal.

MISS HAINES.—Respectfully informs her friends and the public, that her school, No. 10 Grand-st., Park, (East 5th-st.,) will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19.

MRS. DIETZ.—Will reopen her BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for young ladies and children, Sept. 10, at No. 60 East 42d-st.

THE MISSES L. M. & M. E. GREEN will reopen their school at No. 36 Bleecker, 1st door from W. Washington-square, on Monday, Sept. 13.

MISS F. E. PRIEST'S SCHOOL.—No. 7 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant Square, will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 13.

THE MISSES DEWSTOE.—No. 765 Greenwich-st., will reopen their Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies on MONDAY, Sept. 1.

MADISON-SQUARE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—No. 108 Broadway.—Will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18. GRANT & LYON, Principals.

MRS. GIBSON.—No. 38 Union-square, will reopen her Day and Boarding School for Young Ladies, on Monday, 18th September.

J. DE LAUNAY'S.—Classes in FRENCH, SPANISH, ITALIAN, &c., (No. 130 9th-st.) Lectures given to literary institutions on *Philology and Aesthetics.*

J. F. WOSTEP'S CLASSICAL & ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 327 4th-av., (one door above 19th-st.,) will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 6.

MR. TYNG'S SCHOOL.—Will resume its sessions at No. 31 East 16th-st., on the second TUESDAY of September.

MISSES MEEKER'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18, at No. 39 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

THE MISSES SEDGEWICK'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—Will reopen Sept. 10, at No. 41 9th-st.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL of Columbia College will open, after the Summer vacation, on MONDAY, Sept. 1, at 9 o'clock A. M.

MISS SNOW'S.—French and English Boarding and Day School, No. 47 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th ave., will be reopened on the 1st of September.

THE CLARKE SISTERS.—No. 74 5th-av., reopen their Boarding and Day School for young *ladies on MONDAY, Sept. 18.*

A SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—Will be opened, Sept. 10, by the subscriber, at No. 38 Madison-av., corner of 37th-st. For information, address

GEORGE N. CLEAVELAND.

MISS BALLOW'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—No. 34 East 23d-st., will re-open on MONDAY, the 10th of September.

MRS. MACAULAY'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—No. 42 East 31st-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 10.

MISS COOK'S SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN.—No. 154 12th-st., between 5th and 6th ave., will re-open WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19.

WATCHES, JEWELERY, &c.

JEWELRY AND DIAMONDS VERY LOW.—The cheapest place, for the last sixteen years in business in Wall-st., is selling all descriptions of fine Gold, Diamond and all other kinds of Jewelry, at wholesale and retail, at much less than the usual prices.

Ladies' beautiful Gold, Cameo, Mosaic, Carbuncle and Pearl-set Earrings, Pins and Bracelets, in boxes, each	$20 00 to $100 00
Ladies' Fine Gold Cameo, Mosaic, Pearl and Carbuncle	2 50 to 10 00 each
Ladies' Ear-rings, Gold, Cameo, Mosaic, Pearl, Garbuncle, &c.	2 50 to 25 00 a pair
Gold Guard Chains, Chatelaine Chains, Fob Chains and Vest Chains	3 00 to 25 00 each
Pure Gold Wedding Rings	3 50 to 3 00 each
Ladies' Gold Bracelets	7 00 to 50 00 each
Plain and Chased Gold Rings	75 cents to 3 00 each
Gentlemen's Seal Rings	3 00 to 25 00 each
Garnet, Opal, Pearl, and other Stone Rings	2 00 to 25 00 each
Fine Gold Thimbles	2 00 to 3 00 each
Gold Guard Keys, Fob Keys and Seals	1 50 to 25 00 each
Gold Pens and Pencils	3 00 to 12 00 each
Gold Pencils	1 00 to 17 00 each
Ladies' Porte-monnaies	1 50 to 15 00 each
Gold Crosses and Keepers	3 00 to 17 00 each
Gold and Stone Sleeve Buttons and Studs	3 00 to 12 00 a set
Gold Spectacles	1 75 to 15 00
Diamond Ear-rings, Hoop, Pendants and Crosses	5 00 to 500 00
Gold Armlets, Scarf Pins and Silver Thimbles	50 cents to 1 00 00

GEO. A. LEDYARD, Jeweler,

Of Watches and Jewelry, Wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, west Broadway, up stairs.

FAMILY TEAS, RETAIL AND OTHER RETAILS AND GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffees, &c., in all kinds, which may be had in quantities to suit purchasers, at the lowest possible cash prices, of the large wholesale and retail Grocery Establishment of JAS. TOWNSEND & CO., Nos. 276 and 278 Greenwich-st. Also sugar, molasses and butter, put up for farmers.

SHOP AND FOR SALE.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—Situated in the village of Greenburgh, Westchester County, with two acres of ground, in a healthy and pleasant location, in convenient proximity to the Railroad, and within a few minutes' walk from the depot. Inquire of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, or of the undersigned, who will be found at the office of GORDON TEFFT, Esq., No. 10 Pine-st., or to BULLEN, SOCHER & Co., No. 346 Pearl-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT IN NEWARK FOR SALE.—Situated in a very desirable location for a genteel family, the house is in excellent order, with hot and cold water, gas, &c., and the premises are in good order. The property is within a few minutes' walk from the depot, and is offered for sale at a very low price. Enquire of GORDON TEFFT, No. 10 Pine-st., or to BULLEN, SOCHER & Co., No. 346 Pearl-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT IN NEWARK FOR SALE.—Situated in a very desirable location for a genteel family, the house is in excellent order, with hot and cold water, gas, &c., and the premises are in good order. The property is within a few minutes' walk from Market or Broadway, in Newark, and is offered for sale at a very low price. Enquire of GORDON TEFFT, No. 10 Pine-st., or to JOHN FORSTER, No. 41 Spring-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE IN THE VILLAGE OF FORT LEE, BERGEN CO., N. J.—The house, built only one year, is in good order, and has been occupied by a family of the first respectability. The lot is 100 ft. front and 81 ft. deep; it is well and large enough for a good garden. For further inquiry, inquire of Dr. BURDETT, on the premises. The steamboat Fleet leaves the foot of Spring-st. several times a day.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—PRICE $6,500.—The undersigned will sell the house in which he resides for the above price, if applied for immediately. The house is of brick, three stories with basement, and has a clothes yard. Rent, $600 cash down, the balance, $5,900, may be left on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. Inquire of Messrs. H. T. BERNSTEAD & SON, No. 630 Broadway, corner of Spring-st.

FOR SALE.—A beautiful suburban residence on Bedford-av., near Madison-st., extending through to Bushwick-av., in the city of Brooklyn. The house is new, of modern style, with conservatory, porte-cochère, carriage house, stable, well of water, and every other convenience suited to a gentleman's place. The grounds contain 17 lots all under the highest cultivation, filled with all kinds of fruit, such as pears, peaches, plums, quinces, cherries, currants, raspberries, strawberries, &c., all in full bearing; also, grape vines with 2,000 pounds of grapes this season, with a fine small selection of foreign grapes under glass. This property is owned by a retired merchant, who has no use for it, and is willing to sell at a very low price, rather than be put to the expense and trouble of keeping it. Inquiry of GAUDU, No. 102 Water-st.

FARM AND COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—25 miles from New-York, on the road from Glen Cove to Oyster Bay, L. I., 18 acres of land, 2 fine apple orchards, and almost every variety of fruit trees. House, 2 story, 12 rooms, 2 fireplaces, 2 stoves, 2 closets, cellar, 10 rooms and numerous pantries, cool, dry cellar and open attic, out-buildings, large and commodious; 2 wells and springs, furniture, farming utensils, crops, &c., can be purchased. Daily communication with New-York. Immediate possession given. Terms easy. Or the place will be rented with the house ready furnished. Apply to BAKER & WEEKS, No. 6 Pine-st.

TO SHIPBUILDERS, LUMBER-DEALERS AND OTHERS.—For sale, 4,000 acres of timber land, situated on the Combe River, 45 miles from Charleston, S. C. The land is good, and the timber of the finest kind, chiefly oak and pine, in some of which large trees abound. To any one contemplating purchasing the above, it is offered at a reduced bargain. Call or address F. C., No. 12 Clinton-place, New-York City.

FOR SALE.—Nine acres of land at Aquackanonck, N. J., half a mile from RAILROAD DEPOT, with a good house, barn, and two barracks, a good well of water, good spring, variety of fruit; a quantity of good brown stone on the premises. Will be sold with or without the crops and farming utensils. Price $2,000, half on bond and mortgage if desired. Inquire on the premises, or of BARKER & DUNCOMB, No. 14 Pine-st., or J. HACKETT, No. 81 Avenue D.

FOR SALE.—In a thriving village in New-Jersey, easily accessible from New-York, a hotel property, consisting of a large two-and-a-half-story house, and ample sheds and stables, recently put in perfect order, well located for Summer boarders and for excursion parties. Price, $3,000. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

VALUABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Or will be exchanged for first-class City property; situated in the town of Rye, near two depôts, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. For particulars inquire of T. J. HALL, No. 71 East 16th-st., New-York, between the hours of 7 and 9 A. M., or from 1 to 3 P. M.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two very desirable building Lots, on 8th-st., near 4th-av.; one lot 37x100 on 8th-av., near 28th-st.; five lots on 5th-av., near 42d-st., opposite Central Park; all of which will be sold low.

ROSWELL G. PIERCE, No. 15 William-st.

TO LET

HOUSES TO LET.—The large boarding house, Nos. 127 and 129 Bleecker-st. Also, the house adjoining, No. 131. Both houses have all the modern improvements, in a desirable location, and on a stage route. Possession given immediately. Inquire at BANKS, GOULD & CO.'S, No. 144 Nassau-st.

HOUSE TO RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Which is new and but little used; a new four-story English basement, No. 115 East 20th-st., convenient to cars and stages; has all the modern improvements, with leases of two years from May next, at a low rent. Inquire on the premises, or to S. T. K. MARSHALL, No. 102 Fulton-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—With immediate possession.—A neat 3½ story brick house, No. 111 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th ave., with all the modern improvements. Rent $600. The key of the premises can be had at No. 109½, next door. Apply to M. WILCOX, corner of Cortlandt-st and Broadway, under the Gilsey Building.

HOUSES TO LET.—Several brick dwellings at Hoboken will be let very low for the balance of the year. Inquire at the Land-Office, opposite Ferry landing, of W. W. SHIPPEN.

HOUSE TO LET.—No. 40 Grove-st., in complete Order

MEDICAL.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
We draw on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND,
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland.
In sums from £1 upwards, at 5½ per ¢.
Address,
TAYLOR, BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 54 Wall-st., New-York.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK—No. 2 Wall-st.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
THIS COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY OF MONEY PAID INTO COURT, and is authorized to act as guardian or receiver of estates.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
BY ORDER OF ANY COURT IN THIS STATE, (including Surrogate's,) 5 per cent.
From individuals or corporations, for a period of six months, or to be paid on thirty days' notice, 4 per cent.
For a less period, or on shorter notice, 3 per cent.
TRUSTEES:
Lewis Lawrence, George D. Bruce, Watts Sherman, Kevin D. Morgan, Daniel S. Miller, R. F. Wheatwright, Erastus Corning, Lucius G. Halsted, Edmund Cotting, Charles Ira Kane, Peter Cornell, Chauncey Gilbert, William Tucker, Thomas Thomas, Cornelius Smith, Jos. Phelps, John J. Phelps, J. J. Astor, Jr., John J. Glass, William G. Hunt, E. N. Walworth, Noah Hayes, O. H. Arnold, Daniel D. Lord, Samuel S. Seymour, Charles S. Hoyt.
JOSEPH LAWRENCE, President.
JOHN A. STEWART, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY.—Secretary's Office, CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 15, 1856.—NOTICE.—The Stockholders of Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad Company are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Company at its office in Cleveland, on the fifteenth of November next, to receive for the approval of a report prepared and signed jointly by and between the Directors of said Company and the Directors of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company, granting to the latter Company, the use in common for the term of twenty years, with privilege of renewal for a like period of time, of so much of the tracks and depots of the former Company, as are located at and near Columbus, Cleveland and Grafton.
By order of the Board,
H. C. MARSHALL, Secretary.

CITY AND COUNTY BONDS FOR SALE.
Cleveland City 7 per cent. bonds, Water Loan.
Detroit City 7 per cent. bonds.
Milwaukie City 7 per cent. bonds.
Chicago City 6 per cent. bonds.
Cincinnati City 6 per cent. bonds.
San Francisco 10 per cent. bonds.
St. Louis County 7 per cent. bonds.
Mobile County 8 per cent. bonds.
For sale by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
George Newnes and Fine-st., New-York.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby warned against buying or selling or negotiating the following described bonds of the City of Louisville, called the LOUISVILLE WHARF BONDS, and payable to James Trousdale, Jun., Mayor, or Bearer, J. Anderson, Indorsed by J. Jacob, Comptroller, and dated March 15, 1854, maturing 30 years therefrom. The said bonds were obtained from me by false representations, and without consideration rendered. Due notice has been given to the city of Louisville, prohibiting the payment of the coupons thereto attached. Bond No. 54, to consist of five bonds, and the following numbers similar to it, viz.: Nos. 81, 82, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101 and 102.
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 1, 1856. W. E. CULVER.

OFFICE RECEIVER OF TAXES—No. 32 Chambers-st., (Old City Hall.)—New-York, June 23, 1856.—PUBLIC NOTICE.—To avoid the risks that must inevitably occur from the crowd of Tax-Payers who put off to the latest day the payment of their taxes, I have found it necessary to adopt the following rules, which will be strictly followed by during any term of office: I will receive no money after 3 o'clock P. M. Every officer in this Department is STRICTLY PROHIBITED from receiving ENVELOPES containing money or checks for the payment of Taxes. By order, HENRY H. HOWARD, Receiver.

$820,000 5 PER CENT 1ST MORTGAGE Bonds of the Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad Company, payable at the Bank of the Republic.
The subscribers offer for sale the above securities, which are a first lien on 43 miles of the Road, 15 of which are in operation, and would call the attention of capitalists to the same, as a first-class investment. These Bonds bear date May 1, 1854, and are payable May 1, 1873.
A. J. ELECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

OHIO LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—CINCINNATI, Aug. 4, 1856.—A biennial meeting of the Stockholders of this Institution will be held at its office in the City of Cincinnati, on the 20th day of September proximo, for the purpose of electing four Trustees to take the places of the class of Trustees whose term of service expires on that day. By order of the Board,
CHAS. STETSON, President.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The undersigned offer for sale the 7 per cent. Coupon Bonds of this Company, (date issue,) having 20 years to run.—Interest payable semi-annually, on the first days of February and August, at the Company's Agency in this City.
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

THE THIRD INSTALLMENT of 25 per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, is payable at the Banking house, on MONDAY, the 8th inst., and the fourth and final instalment of 25 is payable on MONDAY, Oct. 6, 1856.
By order of the Board.
C. T. LEAKE, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1856.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND MAHONING RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sept. 13, 1856.
INTEREST—On the Second Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due 16th inst.; will be paid by Messrs. WARD, CAMPBELL, & CO., No. 42 William-st., N. Y.

RECEIVER OF TAXES' OFFICE, Sept. 10, 1856.
NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—I hereby give notice that I will be prepared to receive moneys on Taxes on TUESDAY MORNING next, Sept. 16, at 8 o'clock. HENRY H. HOWARD, Receiver of Taxes.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW JERSEY, at PERTH AMBOY.—The notes of this Bank are redeemed at par, by the Union Bank of this City.

BANK NOTICES.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, Feb. 4, 1856.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to D. S. ELDRIDGE, (an Individual Banker,—Ontario City Bank, Buffalo,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within five years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said Banker will be given up.
D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, Dec. 31, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to the SUFFOLK BANK (a banking association in the City of New-York) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, for payment, within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said Bank will be given up.
W. E. CULVER.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, Sept. 9, 1856.—The BANK OF NORWICH, (late Ohio,) in this city, has given notice of the appointment of the METROPOLITAN BANK, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of the NEW-YORK STATE BANK as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.
JAMES M. COOK, Superintendent.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS BANK—No. 6 Chambers-st., (3 doors from Chatham-st.) open every day from 10 o'clock A. M., until 2 o'clock P. M., and on Thursday evenings from 5 to 7 o'clock. Six per cent. interest allowed on sums from $5 to $500, 5 per cent on sums over $500. All sums deposited on or before the 1st October will draw interest from that date.
GEORGE A. WHITNEY, Sec. PETER H. TITUS, Pres.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK—84-st., corner of 8th-st., open daily from 9 till 3, and Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 5 to 8. Interest on deposits of $600 and under, 6 per cent.
T. E. STILLMAN, President.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 248 FULTON-ST., BROOKLYN, Sept. 9, 1856.
DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of TEN PER CENT., payable on demand at the branch office, No. 44 Wall-st., New-York.

THIS COMPANY, with a Cash Capital of $200,000, and a surplus of $82,000, offers safe facilities for the effecting of Fire Insurance on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Household Furniture and General Merchandise; and losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

DIVIDEND—NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.—New-York, Sept. 1, 1856.—The President and Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of five per cent., payable to the stockholders on and after the 15th inst. at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed from the 5th to 15th inst. inclusive. By order of the Board.
J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.

BRICK, STONE, AND HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—The undersigned are now offering to let to contractors the construction of about five miles of Croton Aqueduct for supplying the city of Brooklyn with water, which will consume about 15,000,000 hard-burnt bricks, 18,000 cubic yards building stone, and 20,000 bushels hydraulic cement. Inquiries are made by persons desirous as to the price of these articles, and the places where they can be obtained. The object of this notice is to bring together contractors and producers together, and we have ready all positive information, the above articles to supply at their address below, or at the works, which are situated in the vicinity of Rondout, on the Hudson River. Only a small portion of the above quantity of brick will be needed this Fall. Our otherwise considerable supply is to manufacture. H. S. WELLS & CO., No. 4 Wall-st., New-York.

FIRE-PROOF BLOCKS REPORT.—BAILEY & BROTHER, No. 251 Pearl-st., offer for sale one of the largest and best selected stocks of Fire-Proof Blocks in the City, at manufacturers' prices. Also, every description of Brick and other fire-proof materials for the business. BAILEY & BROTHER, No. 251 Pearl-st.

MEDICAL.

SUGAR, MILK, & CO. SHEWING OF VOAL, MERCHANDISE.
Is the most purely flavored and demulcent medicine given to all diseases of a delicate nature; it promotes a free instruction for the perfect operation of those who are prevented by inconvenience from entering into the marriage state. Price $2 per box, with full directions for the treatment of these diseases, by the Patent's newly-improved Urinometer, with powerful medicines, clear instructions for proper treatment and cure of every young and form these disorders which, unfortunately, quacks, physicians treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the Sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove.
TRIESEMAR No. 1.—Is the remedy prepared in the form of a lozenge, devoid of taste or smell, and can be carried in the waistcoat pocket. Sold in the most and divided in separate doses as administered by Velpeau, Lallemen, Ricord, Rosset, &c., &c. Price $2 each, or four cases in one for $6, which cures gleet, and in 3d cases wherein there is a narrowed or diseased urethra, and recommended by Dr. BARROW, No. 167 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway, New-York.
Special arrangements having been made with the various Express, the nine-dollar cases of Triesemar, and the large sized, will be forwarded by Dr. Barrow, carefully packed, and addressed as directed, by the Express Company, to any part of the world, accordingly to the instructions of the writer, thus securing to the public genuine European preparations, and effectually protecting them from spurious and pernicious imitations. The three-dollar cases sent as usual, but not free of carriage.
Consultation and attendance from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 till 8.
☞ No. 167 Prince-st., (few blocks west of Broadway,) New-York.

DR. WARD'S UNFORTUNATE'S FRIEND—Is the sole plus ultra of vegetable medicines as it has requires to be known to meet with universal approbation, and to stamp Dr. WARD as the greatest benefactor of the day.
Dr. WARD hereby offers a reward of $5,000 to any physician who, after a proper demonstration, can cure private diseases with equally uniform celerity, safety and cheapness as he can. Innumerable cases progress in defiance of all the doctors can do; but by his wonderful specific and his perfect knowledge of every stage of the disease, he either alleviates or effects a cure in a few days. Those who suffer from secondary symptoms, should call, and he will cure them without charge. Remember, all you who have been lingering for weeks and months, drinking nauseous compounds, which destroy the stomach, and swallowing poisonous pills which undermine the constitution, that by calling on Dr. WARD you may in a few hours, enjoy the pleasures of life, and feel "that Richard is himself again."
SECURE.—The Great Remedy, Dr. WARD'S UNFORTUNATE'S FRIEND.—Nothing else makes a thorough cure of private diseases, the infallible friend of the afflicted. Other remedies are worse than useless. It alone cures radically the secondary symptoms of the disease without leaving its poison in the blood to contaminate the system and break out continually. $1. Sold at the old established office, Canal-st., corner of Broadway.
The following are the diseases in which Dr. WARD may be consulted, and in which he guarantees a cure: Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Strictures, Syphilis, or the real Venereal; all the forms of Secondary Symptoms, Spermatorrhœa, and a certain description of Nervous Debility.
Patients communicating from a distance may be certain of receiving advice and medicine daily by express. Letters should be post-paid, and contain $5, in order to receive due attention. Prompt advice, all the required medicines, as well as a cure guaranteed, to those remitting that amount. Office, Canal-st., up-door east of Broadway.

DR. HAGENTY'S LUCINA CORDIAL OR ELIXIR OF LIFE.—This delightful and perfect invigorator of the human system, is fast superseding all other remedies; in fact, when its virtues become fully known it will be the only remedy in use. Its action on the nervous system and reproductive organs is most extraordinary; allaying all over-excitement and infusing into the nervous organization that calm repose of spirit which is requisite to give the human system the enjoyment of its full powers, both mentally and physically. As an appetizer it is equally remarkable; assimilating with the electric juices of the stomach, it assists them in more readily dissolving all nutritious substances, and converting them into pure and wholesome blood; thus the digestion is improved, and the whole framework of man moves on in a more vigorous and harmonious manner thereby. Price $5 per bottle, or two bottles for $8. Principal office No. 76 Maiden-lane. DR. HAGENTY.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR. CHRESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combinations of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, disturbed sleep, which always arise from interruption of nature. Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious to life or health. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Price $1. For sale by CHARLES H. RING, No. 5 Broadway; A. B. CHURCHILL & CO., No. 81 Barclay-st.; BARNES & PARK, No. 374 Broadway, and Druggists generally. Sent by mail by inclosing $1 to Dr. CORNELIUS L. CHRESEMAN, Box No. 4,861 Post-Office, New-York City.

PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. WATSON has, for a long series of years, combined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than twenty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. The remedies are mild, and do not keep the patient from business, or expose him to detection. Patients by application, or letters be made; or if the disease has lain concealed in the system, or has spread by injudicious treatment, the undersigned knows himself especially competent to treat such cases, by a method at once safe, speedy, and efficacious. Dr. WATSON is in constant attendance, from 9 to the morning, and 7 at night, at his consulting rooms and residence, No. 15 Wallker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.
W. WATSON, M. D.
Formerly Surgeon to the Lock Hospital.

DR. LAMMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE—20th edition, 144 pages, 50 engravings, elegant cloth, gilt and four stamps. Mailed free.—Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discovered in reproduction; quacks, their recipes and specifics! The author, unequaled Paris and London treatment of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Primary and Constitutional, Emissions, Impotency, &c. Office—No. 68 Mercer-st., corner Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. Hours—10 A. M. to 9 evening. Sundays—1 to 3 P. M. His book is also sold as No. 232 Broadway, by consent of Dr. LAMMONT to the afflicted.—Observer des Etats Unis, Sunne Zeitung, Democrat, Day Book, &c.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. HUNTER cures when the treatment of other physicians and all other remedies fail. Three years' practice in this city is the thorough cure to certain diseases. No. 3 Division-st. the only place now so well known for the very extraordinary cures it has performed, without diet or hindrance from business, where all other remedies only drive the disease in the blood. $1 only. This secures the patient a secondary attack, and is the only remedy in use. Try all others and see. Observe the spurious Dr. Hunters are starting up on every block, the remedy is counterfeited all over the country.

DR. BALFE—Author of the "Practical Fever Treatise," &c., offices No. 645 Houston-st., first Wooster; Hours from 9 to 12 A. M., and 6 to 9 P. M. (Sunday excepted.) Those who apply in the early stage will be surprised at the rapidity and little inconvenience attending their cure. In medicine, from its first or incipient to its most advanced and alarming stages; chronic, nominal weakness, &c., he can guarantee a perfect and radical cure without pain, offensive medicines, or restriction from business. Consultations strictly confidential. Private seals for waiting.

DR. HOW'S NEW SYSTEM OF MEDICINE.—To the married and single of both sexes.—Information not generally available, and of great importance to males and females in delicate health, especially those arising from general debility, will be sent on the receipt of a stamp. Address Dr. SEPTIMUS DOW, New-York City.

FERTILIZERS.

100 TONS TAFESU—For the ensuing year, No. 1 Peruvian Guano, (assorted of K. Nichols and J. Lee's) at $3 per ton; 2d, $2 per ton; 3d, $1 per ton; 4th, $1 per ton; 5th, $1 per ton. We warrant our articles superior to any other in market. Address LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 9 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

THE AUBURN PORTABLE GAS WORKS.—Are now admitted to be the best known, whether for private houses or for villages, towns or city; giving the most economical and convenient, best quality of gas, and easy management; they do not require an engineer, cost a moderate amount, may be worked night and day if necessary, and are perfectly safe. The proprietors are ready to show the Works in operation, and give the necessary information, with the data, that with a working plan any unprofessional person can put up the works, make light work of it, and make a safe and profitable investment. Parties in the country will do well to investigate this, before they will look. Works can be seen in operation on the premises, Lake-Street, Auburn, Cayuga-co., N. Y., and in many other places. In a few weeks they will be in operation at Trenton, Oneida-co., N. Y. For further information, address the Auburn Gas Works, Auburn, N. Y., or H. O. HAWLEY & CO., Auburn.

FOR SALE.

SUNSET RIVER BARGES.
Are now ready for the season, and will be ready for the fall trade, on the Hudson River, Long Island Sound, and the Sound

NEW-YORK CITY.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

[illegible] of the Supervisors was held last evening, HAMILTON G. ELY, President, in the chair. The roll was called and signed. No other business being before the Board, it adjourned, on motion of Mr. [illegible], to meet on the first Monday in October.

Departure of Nicaraguan Emigrants.

About 600 persons left the City yesterday, in the Prometheus, for Nicaragua. A crowd was collected, to see them off, of probably 2,000 people, in and upon the dock, on the steamer, and other accessible vessels. There was no disturbance of the peace, no excitement beyond what was inevitable in getting a few hundred on board quickly aboard a departing steamer. A few drunken policemen were around, but their services were not called for. Certainly as demonstrators they were not wanted, for there did not appear to be any present whom pockets were worth the attempt at picking. About a dozen women, who had formed themselves evidently for the occasion, were down and stood among the crowd upon the dock. One of them looked rather red about the eyes, as if from recent weeping; the others manifested no emotion. A few of the departing emigrants were drunk and very noisy, but only a few; the rest were simply dirty—extremely dirty. In the crowd there was a considerable lot of unmistakably hungry looking men, who seemed to be different to rake up in town. Both there were some of what Recorder EMOTT would call a higher social position. Such was Mr. WARNER, the associate of LOVEJOY, now detained in the Ohio prison. WARNER is to assume very high rank, I suppose, shortly, or some such thing in Nicaragua. With him were BUSSELL and NABER, men not unknown to fillibusterism, but whose glories are to possess only inspective.

As the steamer left the dock the crowd on deck hoisted the Nicaraguan Flag, a few cheers and drunken hurrahs were exchanged, the lady who had been [illegible] with a friend went ashore to take a little [illegible] "cheer," and the crowd quietly dispersed.

Death of Mr. John Hicks.

JOHN HICKS, Esq., a leading fitter merchant of this City, and a prominent citizen of Brooklyn, died in the Lunatic Asylum at Utica on the 10th inst. Reports in circulation were represented as having been the result of his confinement, and as a last resource the sick man was conveyed to the Asylum only a few days previous to his decease. Mr. HICKS was a gentleman of high standing and a Democrat of not inconsiderable influence in our sister city. He was once a member of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen, and a few years ago a candidate for the Brooklyn Magistracy. He was one of the Brooklyn delegates to the Cincinnati Convention, which nominated BUCHANAN and BRECKINRIDGE. We believe he likewise was for some time President of the Atlantic Bank of Brooklyn. But as a member of the Corn Exchange Association he was best known to us, and we only express the general opinion of all who knew him in that relation, when we say, one more upright, obliging and honest, could not be found in the mercantile ranks. By persevering industry and straightforward dealing, he had gained for himself as ample competence with an enviable reputation. He was over fifty years of age at the time of his death. His funeral, conducted yesterday from Christ's Church, Brooklyn, was largely attended.

Widening Reade-street.

The Committee of the Board of Aldermen in relation to widening and opening Reade-street towards the East River, met at the City Hall, Alderman [illegible] in the Chair. For the opponents of the proposed improvement, and extension Mr. Willard was [illegible], who delivered an elaborate argument. No property, either for any additional facilities beyond what were already proposed and granted in relation to improvements in Chambers-street. He stated that the objectors, comprising property owners and tenantry were three to one as compared with the promoters. After speaking at some length, Mr. Stewart, of Broadway, was called upon in support of the measure. His manner was [illegible], and he was frequently interrupted by excited persons of the opposite party. He contended generally that whenever a street had been improved, it invariably enhanced the value of property in that street, and that this considerations, opposed to the selfishness of those who could not be moved by appeals to their [illegible] public good. He observed that at least three-fourths of the deterioration of imported merchandise and goods took place on the east side of the City, and that business traveling rapidly up the City would be limited for a while by Canal-street. It was therefore necessary to widen the avenues from Broadway to the East River, at least up to that point. He dismissed all view of personal advantage in thus advocating the measure; he did it on purely public grounds; if it had been otherwise he would, instead of appearing personally, have intrusted the duty to an agent. The Chairman, in adjourning, also dismissed all parties that each should have full consideration. A crowd of persons had assembled as auditors.

Proposed Economy in a Street-paving Job.

The Committee of Assessments of the Board of Aldermen held a meeting yesterday in the Street Commissioner's Office, Hall of Records. Present, Messrs. VANDEWATER (in the chair) and FOX.

Mr. [illegible] TAYLOR appeared before the Committee and said: I understand that the matter of the contract for paving Thirty-eighth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, is not before you, but that it is now before the Board of Councilmen. I have requested the property owners to come here and state their objections to the confirmation, and should like if you would hear the statements they have to make. They have come a long distance in regard to the street, the contract calls for 2,500 square yards of paving, 1,690 lineal feet of curbing and gutter, and 665 cubic yards of gravel. All I have to say is, that the job has not been done according to the contract, and I object to the Committee of Assessments passing it.

Mr. FOX—Was the contract given out from your office?

Mr. TAYLOR—Yes, Sir. It was given out by me. There is no sand under it at all, and no gravel. The stones are not even the size, or anything like what the specifications called for. I am stated to the contractor, and the inspector stands the same thing.

Mr. FOX—Is the contract carried out in any particular?

Mr. TAYLOR—I don't see that it is.

Mr. FOX—Who is the contractor?

Mr. TAYLOR—John McGrane.

John A. Scott—Of No. 249 Thirty-eighth-street, [illegible] affirmed. He made a statement to the following effect: On the 19th April last a contract was made with John McGrane to pave Thirty-eighth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues. The specified calls for 665 cubic yards of gravel, all of which was wanted to prevent the action of frost from the sewer. About 400 cubic yards, equal to 1,100 loads, have been given rather more than one foot deep over the street, and, as the soil is clayey, so much was required. I distinctly swear that not one hundred cubic yards have been laid, while 665 cubic yards have been charged for. A neighbor, Mr. Henry Harrison, told me that only about three loads of gravel were put before his property of 100 feet front of the street. This property is one-[illegible] part of the whole work, and at the same rate that amount, I am a property owner on the line of the improvement, believe that the contractor be compelled to carry the work according to contract. Mr. [illegible], of the Surveyor's office, said he had [illegible] measure the street and pick up one [illegible] to find out how much to put in the bill for gravel.

The Inspector should have been on the ground every day, and he was there but three days, or [illegible] charged in his bill for [illegible]

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The Inspector should have been on the ground every day, and he was there but three days, or [illegible] charged in his bill for [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Yellowlees—I guess we can hold out to them. Mr. YELLOWLEES—I guess we can hold out to them. [illegible] I do not want to talk to you. The Committee then adjourned.

Boat Upset—Two Men Drowned.

A small boat, belonging to the steam-frigate Wabash, which arrived, Thursday night, from Philadelphia, was upset, yesterday morning, about 11 o'clock, she being lowered from the frigate while the vessel was on her way to the Navy Yard, and two men drowned. The frigate at the time was nearly opposite Governeur-street Ferry. The boat was lowered preparatory to letting the heavers out, and contained ten men in all. As the boat struck the water the forward tackle unhooked, when the advancing motion of the frigate immediately capsized the boat, precipitating all the men into the water. A Peck-slip ferry boat, the Magnet, happened to be near and hastened to the rescue of the men, and succeeded in saving eight of them. Two of the men, A. J. GARRISON and D. T. SUCKLIN, were drowned. The former was a good swimmer, but in attempting to save the life of the latter, who could not swim, both were drowned. The two thus unfortunately losing their lives are young men and unmarried, and lived in Philadelphia. A rumor was current, yesterday afternoon, that more men were lost, embracing some of the officers of the Wabash. The two above named were the only parties drowned. Up to last evening their bodies had not been recovered. A number of guns were fired for the purpose.

Mysterious Disappearance.

Mr. EDWARD WESTMORELAND, an Englishman, aged about 45 years, mysteriously disappeared from his place of business on the 9th inst., and has not since been heard from. He is about 5 feet 6 inches in height, light complexion, brown hair and curling, slightly bald. Just previous to his disappearance, he appeared to be laboring under a great depression of spirits from some unknown cause. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by JONATHAN THOMPSON, at No. 47 South-street, or by RUFUS REMOR, at No. 67 Warren-street.

Capture of an Alleged Forger.

GEO. BIRKMAN, a young man from Troy, was arrested in this City by officer DAVIS, on a warrant charging him with having defrauded L. THOMSON & Son, of that place, out of $350 worth of goods, by forging on an order the name of JAMES HAY. He was taken back yesterday by the officer who arrested him.

The Slaver Brunem.

The parties purchasing the slaver *Brunem*, on Thursday, did not move her from the Navy Yard yesterday, as stipulated at the sale. Commander DR GAMB, of the Navy Yard, has given orders, that if the vessel is not taken away by noon to-day, to have her loosed from her present wharf and pushed into the middle of the stream. The long detention of this brig at the Navy Yard has been a source of serious inconvenience to vessels coming there to unload and receive stores.

☞ Since the first of last January the Aldermen and Councilmen have been endeavoring to appoint the usual number of Commissioners of Deeds, but so strong have been the partialities of members for their political friends that the two Boards up to this time have been unable to agree upon a list of successful candidates. Thus, for over eight months the anxious applicants for this office have been kept in suspense, and in the meantime the present incumbents hold over until the new selections are made.

☞ The sixty-fourth New-York trade sale by by Messrs. BANGS, BROTHER & Co., was commenced yesterday morning. The sale of the books in their catalogue will not be commenced until the 16th inst. In their list are the publications of HARPER & BROTHERS, REDFIELD, BOHN, PARRY & MCMILLAN, ROUTLEDGE & Co., and other eminent publishers. The sale yesterday was of stationery.

☞ The reception of articles for exhibition at the Annual Fair of the American Institute will commence at the Crystal Palace on Monday morning. The Institute promises a large show and a good one. It has introduced sundry improvements in the programme of the Fair for this year.

☞ The Chautauqua County (N.Y.) Agricultural Society held their Exhibition on the 10th and 11th instant, at Westfield, in that County. WILLIAM H. MORRISON, Esq., of this City, delivered the annual address.

Fatal Accident.

ROSANNA RILEY, a child of six years, was killed about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in East 23d-street, by the falling upon her of some lumber, about which she was playing. She resided with her parents, at No. 169 East 23d-street, to which place the body was removed.

Interesting to City Contractors—Construction of the City Charter and Ordinances.

MARINE COURT—Sept. 11.

Before Hon. Florence McCarthy, Judge.

Donnell vs. The Mayor, &c., of New-York—These were five different actions, which were all tried together by consent of counsel brought by Mr. DONNELL, as assignee of WILLIAM H. REED & Co., to recover about $1,400, for the value of carpets and furniture furnished to various corporation offices and Court-houses, upon the written directions of the Commissioners of Repairs and Supplies.

Mr. A. J. WILLARD, for the plaintiff, called Mr. REED, the assignor of the bills, and showed the furnishing of the goods, and the rendering of the services in question, and their value.

On his cross-examination by the assistant Corporation counsel, the witness testified that the whole of the goods and labor had been furnished during the month of June last, upon nine or ten different written orders of the Commissioners of Repairs and Supplies. Each order was for a sum under $250, but they were all given in the course of about a month's time, and were all for the same description of goods.

Mr. WILCOXSON, for the Corporation, upon the testimony of this witness, moved for a non-suit.

The Comptroller was in attendance to give his testimony. After an elaborate argument, His Honor Judge MCCARTHY said:

I am prepared to pass upon this motion at once. I have always inclined to a strict construction of the law. In this case, from the evidence disclosed, there has been plain and palpable violation of the charter and the ordinances of the City in the procuring of these supplies. I am not here to administer any system of ethics, or to consider the hardship of particular cases; but the law, and the law in its free letter and spirit. I, therefore, decide that these supplies having been procured in direct violation of the law, no recovery for them can be had against the Corporation.

Judgment of non-suit in each of the five cases will therefore be entered. A. J. WILLARD, for plaintiff; Mr. V. B. WILCOXSON, for defendants.

[Advertisement.]

A Plain Statement of Facts.

NOS. 95 AND 97 CEDAR-STREET,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 8, 1856.

I have just read an attack made by Dr. D. M. REESE in his monthly publication, upon Dr. ROBERT HUNTER, of this City, endeavoring in the most uncourteous manner, and by the most paltry quibble, to injure Dr. HUNTER through me; although Dr. REESE knows that I attribute to Dr. HUNTER's treatment of my case by inhalation, and to no other cause, the saving of my life and the uninterrupted good health I have enjoyed for more than two years.

I was formerly one of the firm of HALL, CLAYTON & Co., of the *Commercial Advertiser* Job Printing Office. My brother, J. G. CLAYTON, was also, and is yet of the same firm, beside being one of the editors of the *Commercial Advertiser*. All which facts Dr. REESE knows well.

Dr. HUNTER never asked me to publish a statement of my case, although had he done so at any time within two years, that is, since I felt that my health was permanently reestablished, I should most cheerfully have complied. My case was editorially alluded to, however, in the columns of the *Commercial Advertiser*, because well-known in that office. It was also mentioned editorially in the *Daily Express* of June 19, in vindication, from a former attack made by Dr. REESE (at least my case was the one alluded to.) The *Express* quoted 25 patients successfully treated by Dr. HUNTER, "MESSRS. CLAYTON, of the *Commercial Advertiser*, JONES, one of the proprietors of the *Daily Times*, SHERRY, (editor and proprietor) of the *Herald*, and others, &c.,

Now although Dr. REESE knew that I was formerly of the firm of the *Commercial Advertiser* Job Printing Office, he willfully distorts the sentence, making it apply to my brother, and on that quibble upon the pronoun's veracity in the grossest manner. Assuming that my brother has been his (Dr. REESE's) patient for many years," and that he was "never cured by HUNTER 'at all'." And yet Dr. REESE knows that I also had been his patient until I found my health rapidly failing under his treatment, and that I have had perfect health ever since I consulted Dr. HUNTER, of No. 285 Broadway.

[illegible]

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—THE BLOOD.—None can be healthy unless this vital fluid be kept pure. This wonderful medicine eradicates all noxious particles of disease, acting directly on the liver, lungs and bowels. None need be sick if they use this remedy.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—Nos. 126, 127 and 128 Water-street, and No. 3 Murray-street, New-York.

LONG ISLAND.

Second Congressional District.

GEORGE TAYLOR, Esq., was nominated, last evening, by the Democracy in the Second Congressional District, embracing the first twelve Wards in Brooklyn, as a candidate for Congress, to fill the place occupied by Hon. J. S. T. STRANAHAN. The informal ballot in the Convention stood as follows:

Taylor.....38|*E. C. Litchfield*.....10

FORMAL BALLOT.

Taylor.....36|Litchfield.....16

Mr. TAYLOR was formerly an active member of the Know-Nothing Order. Whether this fact will increase or diminish his chances remains to be seen.

Williamsburg Dispensary.

Three hundred and thirty-seven patients were treated at this institution during the month of August. Males, 94; females, 243.

Nativity—United States, 119; Ireland, 174; Scotland, 3; Germany, 16; England, 25.

Diseases—Injuries, 26; minor surgery, 24; nervous, 94; abdomen, 139; heart, lungs and throat, 36; eye and ear, 8; skin, 35; rheumatism, 7; fevers, 29; vaccinated, 2; abscess, 10.

Patients under 1 year, 19; between 1 and 5, 65; between 5 and 10, 96; between 10 and 20, 115; over 20, 112.

Kings County Hospital.

Fifty-six patients were received at this Hospital during the week ending the 9th inst., and 43 were discharged, and there were 5 deaths. Total remaining, 394.

☞ By a recent decision of the Supreme Court, the improvement of widening Fulton-street, Brooklyn, from City Hall Park to Red Hook lane, is to be carried into effect.

NEW-JERSEY.

Assessable Property in Hudson County.

The following is the amount of assessable property in Hudson County in 1856, as returned by the Assessors, compared with 1855:

	1856.	1855.
Jersey City	$12,961,065 00	$14,384,150 00
Hoboken	5,639,350 00	5,110,571 50
North Bergen	2,329,185 00	2,639,185 00
Bergen	4,166,000 00	3,631,800 00
Hudson	2,712,950 00	2,021,904 00
Harrison	700,000 00	705,000 00

This assessment shows a decrease in the valuation fixed last year of $1,421,115 in Jersey City, and of $286,910 in North Bergen—making a total of $1,708,025. There is an increase of $579,367 50 in Hoboken; $622,046 in Hudson; $534,170 in Bergen, and $13,615 in Harrison—making a total of $1,748,118 50. The actual decrease in the county is, therefore, $119,906 50.

The tax in Hoboken is limited to three mills per dollar by the Charter, which renders an excessive valuation of property necessary, in order to raise the necessary amount of taxes, while in Jersey City the Charter allows seven mills tax on the dollar. Owing to the excessive valuation of property in Hoboken, that city pays more than her fair proportion of the county tax. The apportionment of the taxes for 1856 is as follows:

Jersey City	$9,067 35	Bergen	$2,921 51
Hoboken	3,973 15	North Bergen	1,661 48
Hudson	1,898 61	Harrison	557 70

Total County Tax.....$20,080 00

MARRIED.

In this City, on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 10, at the Moravian Church, Houston-st., by Rev. M. T. Sessaman, Mr. JAMES W. FOSHAY to Miss CECILIA A. BEAUTY, both of this City.

In this City, on Thursday evening, Sept. 11, by Rev. Dr. Forbes, at his residence, in Clinton-place, Mr. ROBERT MOTT, of Fly Rockway, L. I., to Mrs. MARGARET A. MOTT, of the City of New-York.

☞ Long Island papers will please copy.

In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 9, by Rev. George Taylor, Mr. HENRY S. VERMILYE to Miss ESTHER FLAMERMAN, all of this City.

At South Columbia, Herkimer Co., on Wednesday, Sept. 10, by Rev. Samuel Hill, Mr. JAMES G. COOMBS, of this City, to Miss ELIZABETH H. HUTON, daughter of Asbury Huyck, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

In this City, on Thursday, Sept. 11, EMMELINE C. PALMER, aged 27 years.

Funeral at 10½ o'clock, on Saturday, from No. 42 Ludlow-st. The remains will be taken to New-Rochelle for interment in the 12½ o'clock New-Haven train of cars, same day.

In this City, on Thursday, Sept. 11, of bilious fever, LOUISINE T., daughter of the late Victor B. Waldron.

Her friends, and those of her family, are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 19 West 22d-st., this (Saturday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further invitation.

In this City, on Thursday morning, Sept. 11, CAROLINE WARE, wife of Lewis H. Morris.

Her remains will be removed to Mount Auburn Cemetery, Mass.

☞ Boston and Newburyport papers please copy.

In this City, on Thursday, Sept. 11, of consumption, SARAH, wife of Samuel L. Griswold, M. D.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 223 Madison-st., on Saturday, the 13th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood.

In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 10, after a short illness, SAMUEL EDWIN, aged 37 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Neptune Lodge, No. 317 F. & A. M., Orchard Chapter, R. A. M., and Palestine Encampment, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 343 Monroe-st., on Sunday, 10th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

In this City, on Thursday, Sept. 11, ELIZABETH, widow of William Lawrence, in the 70th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends, and those of her sons, William, Alexander, and James, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from St. George's Church, Stuyvesant-square, on Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M., without further notice. Her remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

In Brooklyn, on Friday, Sept. 12, GERTRUDE MARIA, youngest daughter of the late James M. Halsey, aged 28 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, the 14th inst., at 2½ o'clock, from No. 89 Sands-st.

In Brooklyn, on Friday, Sept 12, SARAH MARIA, wife of Robert M. Whiting, aged 30 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, 15th inst., at 3½ o'clock, from her late residence, Franklin-av., near Myrtle-av.

In Hoboken, on Wednesday, Sept 10, GEORGE STANTON BRUCE, son of Rev. V. and Julia Bruce, aged 10 months and 18 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, without further invitation, are invited to attend the funeral, at 3 o'clock P. M., this day, (Saturday,) in St. Paul's Church, Hoboken.

At Tarrytown, on Friday, Sept. 12, of heart disease, Mr. FRANCIS HENRY.

Funeral services will be held at the Second Dutch Church, on Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

At Philadelphia, on Thursday, Sept. 11, EMILY, only child of Benjamin T. and Rebecca G. Martin, aged 10 months and 3 weeks.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange...Sept. 12.

$4,100 Ohio State 6s	76½	100 Erie Railroad	61⅞
11,000 Virginia 6s	90	do	b10 61⅞
1,000 R. R. 2d Mt. B	92½	100 do	b5 61⅞
1,000 Read. Riv. R. 1st m.	97½	100 do	c 61⅞
1,000 Mich. So. & N. I. R.	80	200 do	61⅞
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs	92¾	1100 do	c 61⅞
4,000 do	93	200 do	b60 61⅞
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs w'n p.	92	300 do	c 61⅞
1,000 Chi. & R. I. Bds	93¾	200 do	61⅞
1,075 Cle. & To. R. Bds	75	100 do	b45 61⅞
50 Bank of New-York	119	50 do	b30 61⅞
12 Bank of Com	108¾	400 do	61⅞
100 Canton Company	35	1000 do	b5 62
50 do	38¼	500 do	b30 62
200 do	b60	38½	250 do	b10 61⅞
50 Penn. Coal Co	96¾	300 do	b5 61⅞
10 do	96	200 Mich. S. & N. I. R.	91⅞
200 do	s15	96¾	11 do	91⅞
100 do	b10	96	100 do	b10 92
200 do	b5	96	100 do	92
200 Cumb. Coal Co	19	100 do	b60	92⅞
300 do	b60	18¾	30 Panama R.	96¾
250 do	s5	18¾	300 do	s5	93⅞
140 Hudson Riv. R.	52	30	25 do	93⅞
200 New-York Cen. R.	87¾	100 Ill. Cen. R. R.	s5	117
400 do	s3	87¾	150 do	s5	118
100 do	s30	87	100 do	s5	118
100 do	s60	87¾	100 do	s10	118¾
1115 do	87¾	100 Cleve. & Pitts. R. R.	49¾
100 do	b60	87¾	600 do	61
100 do	b60	87¾	300 do	61¼
100 Harlem R. R.	b5	13	150 Clev. & Tol. RR.	78¾
200 do	s	13¼	400 do	78¾
200 Reading R. R.	s	86¼	400 do	s5	78
100 do	s30	86¼	900 do	b5	78
1700 do	s5	86¾	1,000 do	b30	78
400 do	b5	86¾	100 do	b30	78¼
700 do	86¾	200 do	b30	78
100 Mich. Cen. R. R.	b10	88	400 do	s5	77¾
250 do	s30	91¼	215 Ch. & Rock Isl. R.	97
100 do	s30	92¼	100 do	97¼
125 do	92¼	300 do	b60	97¼
100 do	s30	92¼	50 do	97¼

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